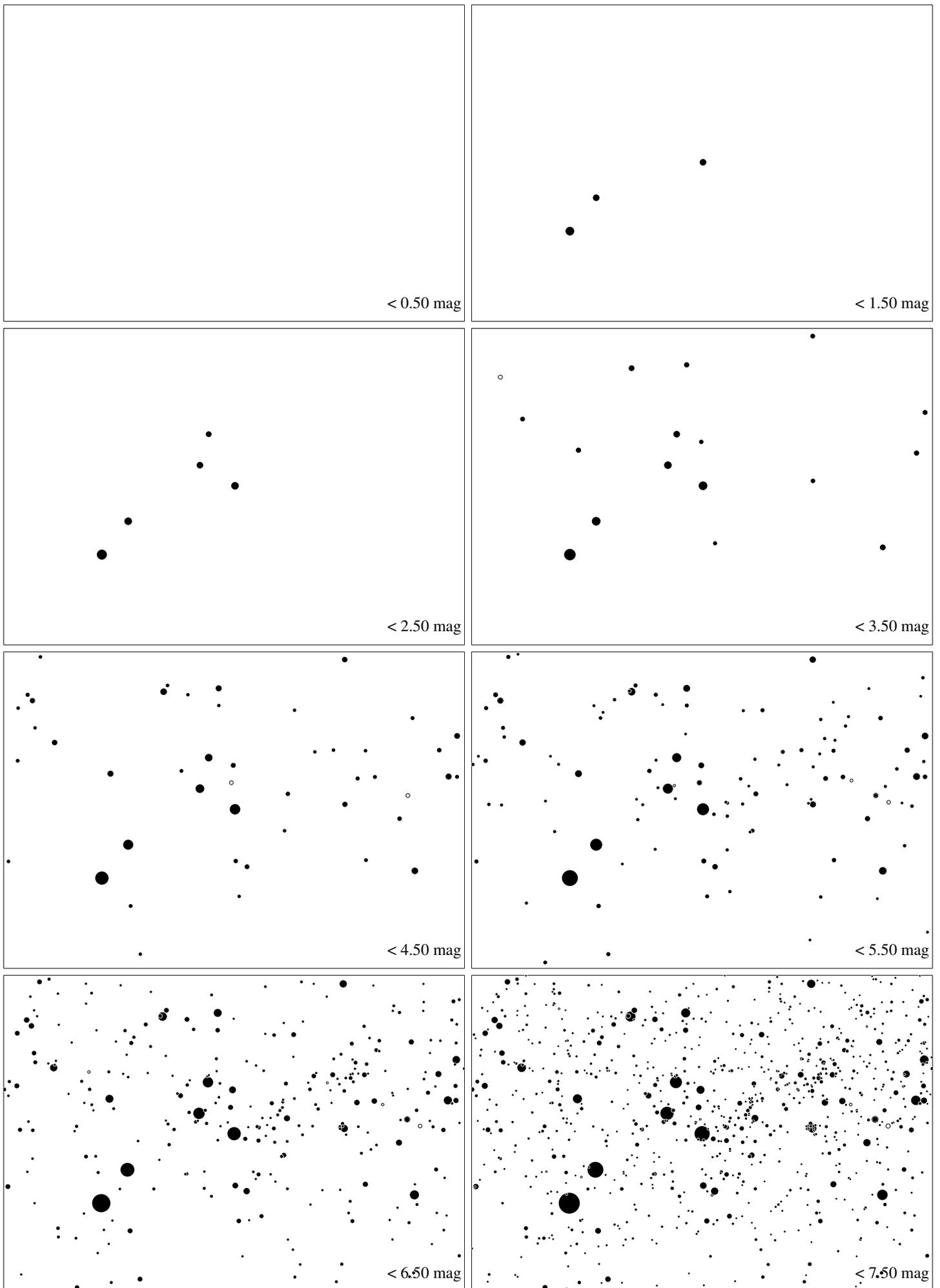
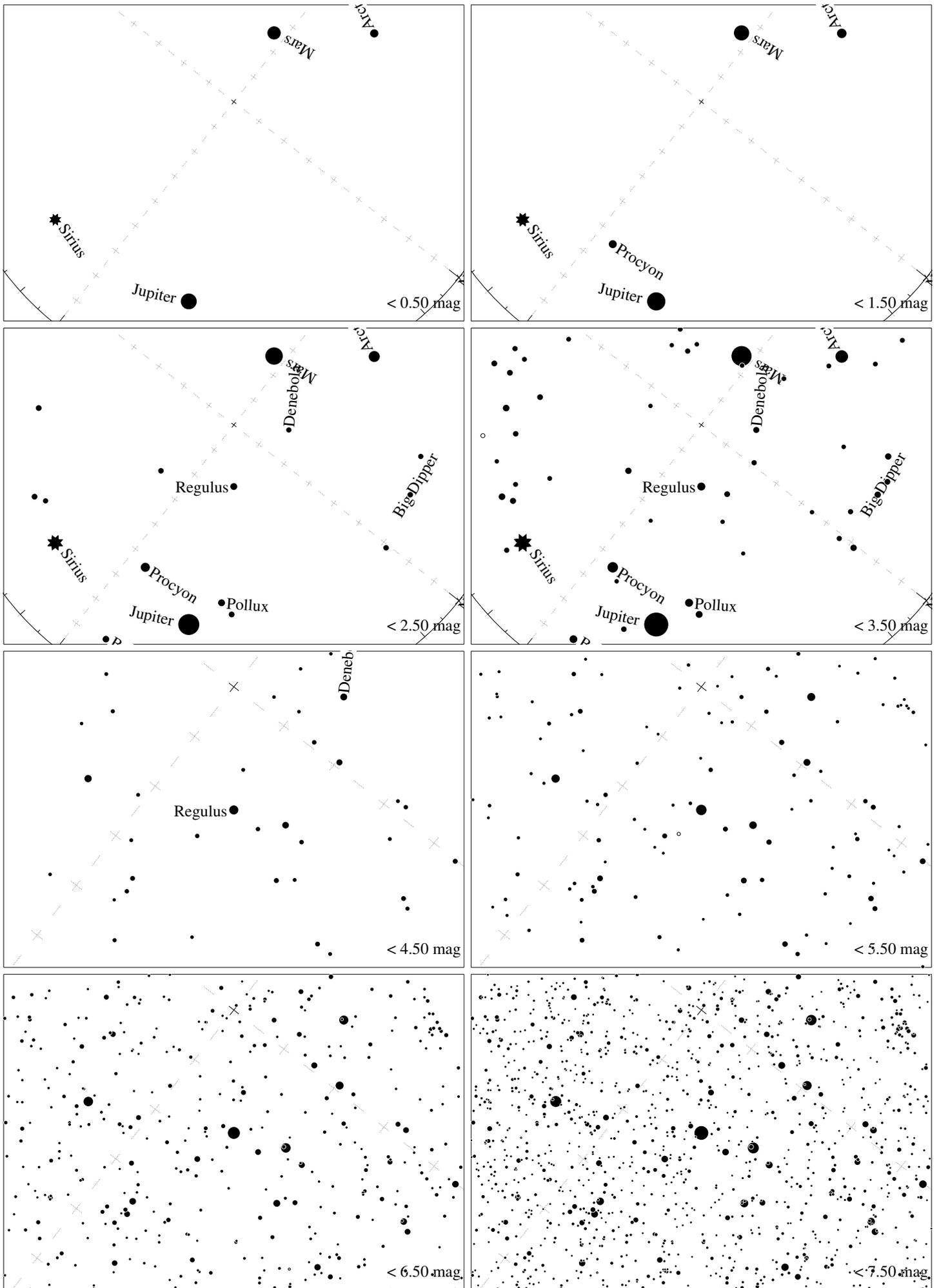


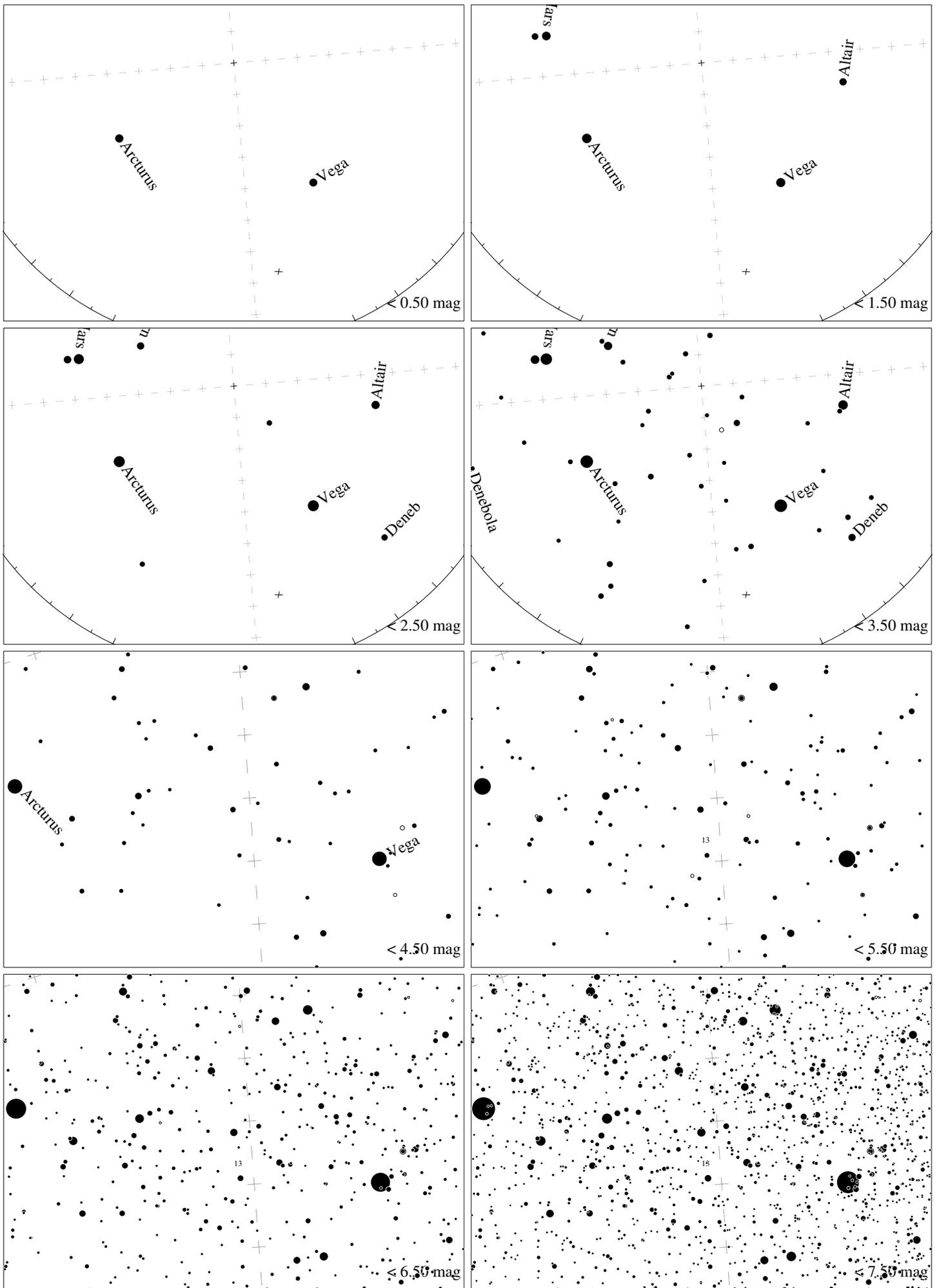
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-02-23, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-41^\circ$ ), assuming rather transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Orion's belt is  $87^\circ$  to the right from S, at  $66^\circ$  height. The brightest fixed star is Sirius. Map vertical size is  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



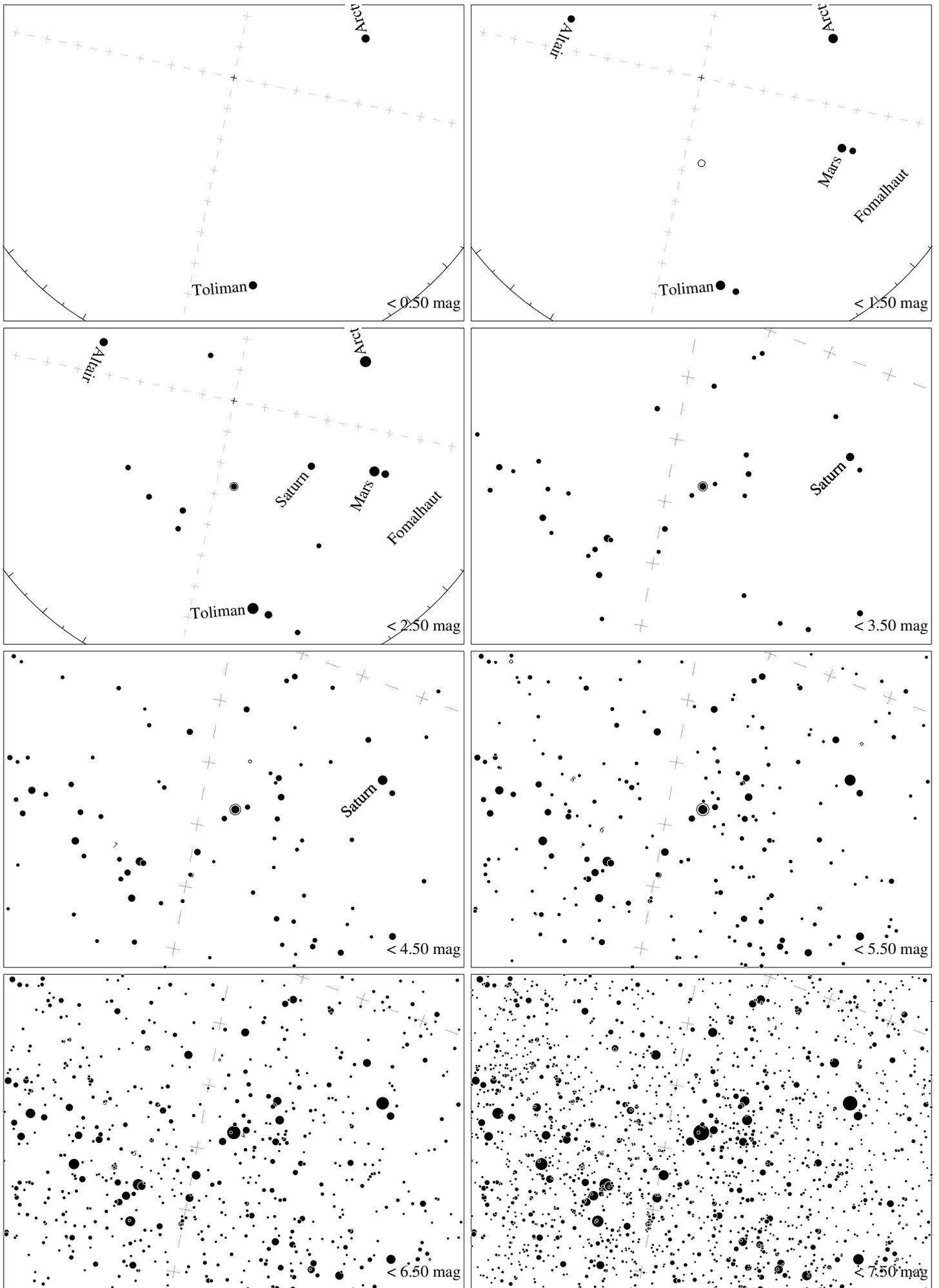
Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-04-24, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-44^\circ$ ), transparent air. The brightest star is Toliman ( $\alpha$  Centauri). Central star Acrux (the brightest one in the Cross) is  $9^\circ$  left from the south, at  $25^\circ$  height. Map vertical size  $33^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



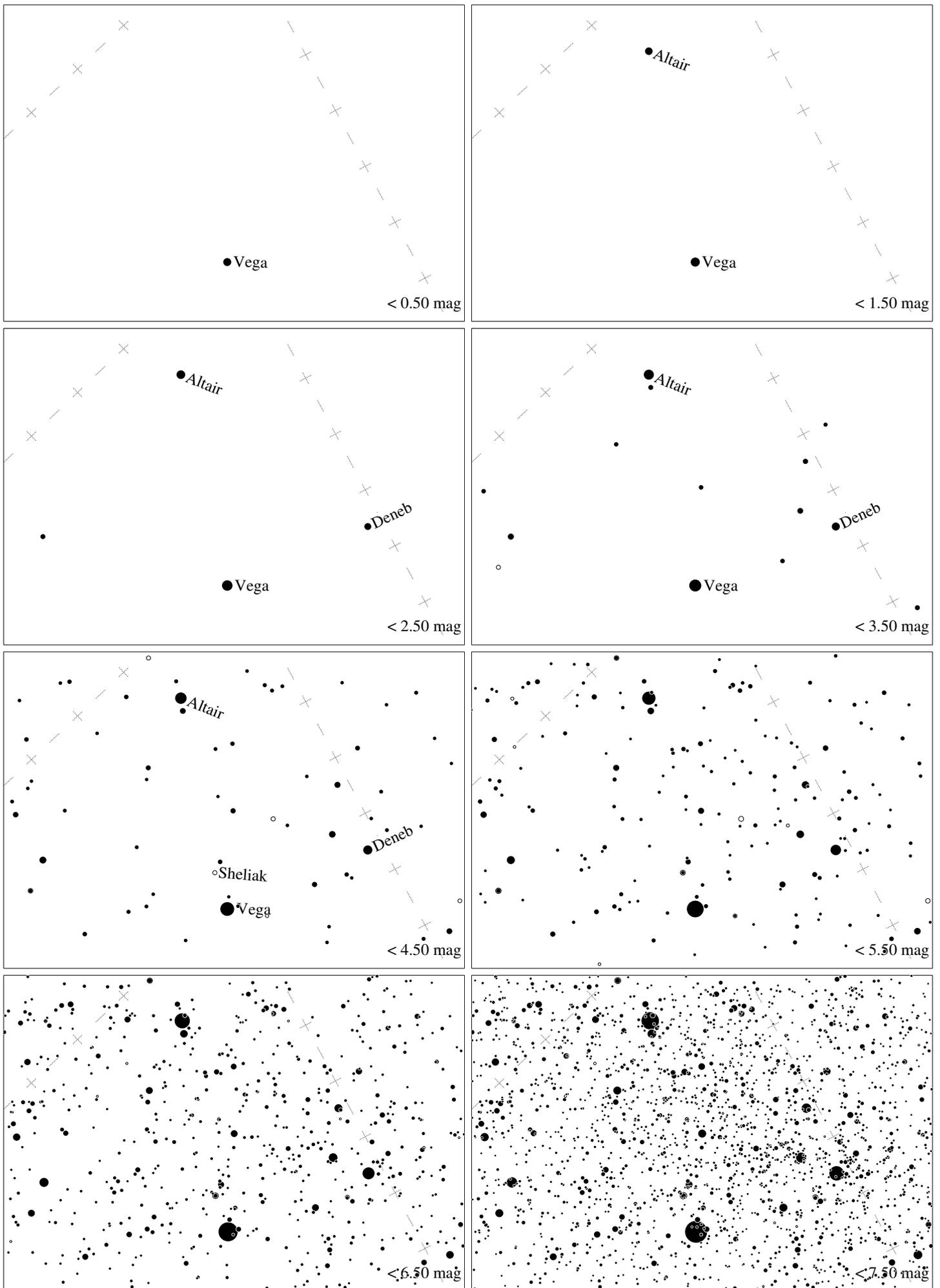
Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-04-24, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-44^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regulus> Regulus ( $\alpha$  Leonis) is  $52^\circ$  to the left from N, at  $71^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first four maps  $100^\circ$ . Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe



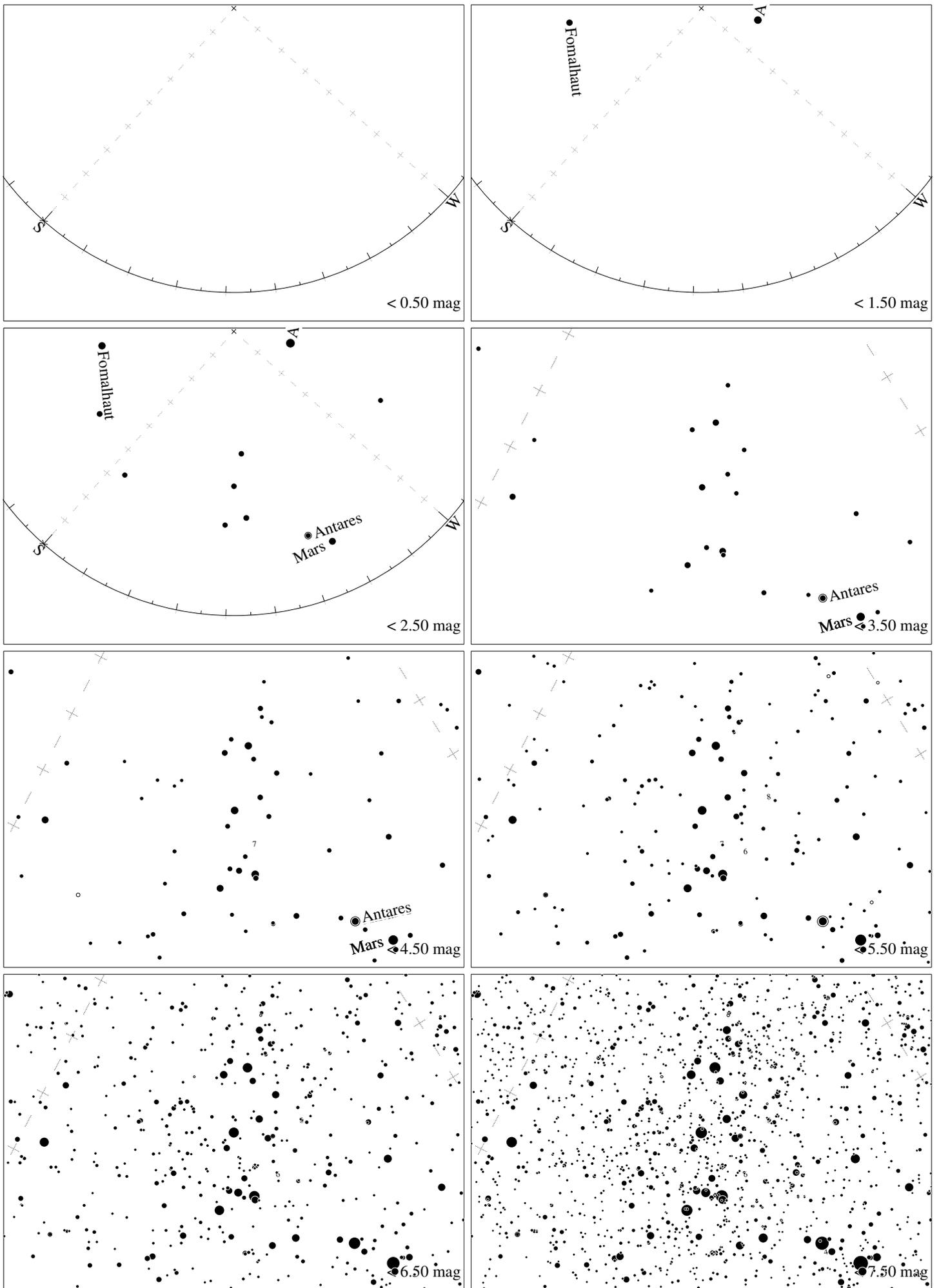
Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-07-20, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-40^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered on  $\zeta$  Herculis, which is  $5^\circ$  to the left from N, at  $58^\circ$  height, M13 is  $5^\circ$  N. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first four maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



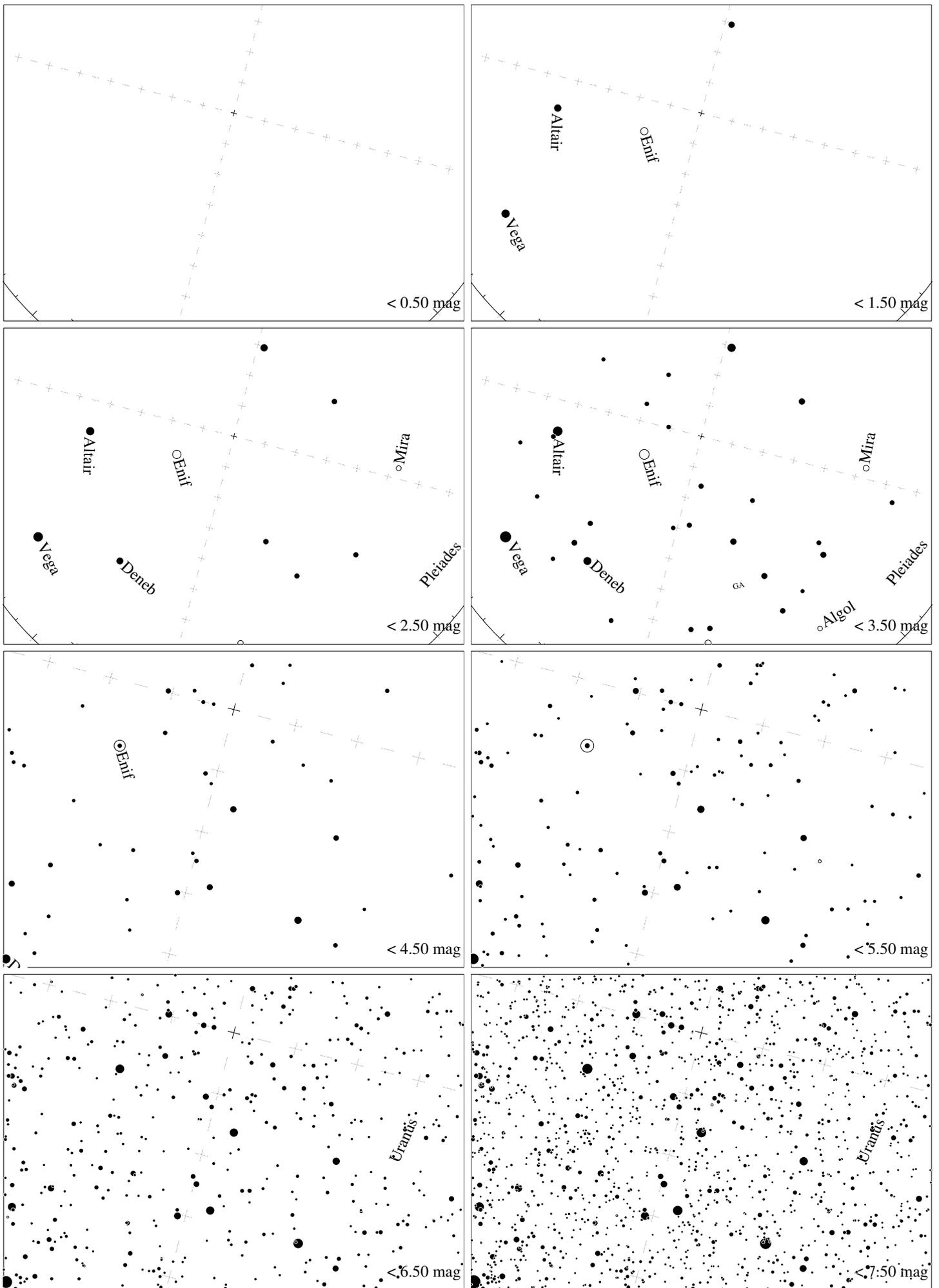
Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-07-20, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-40^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). The map is centered at Antares ( $\alpha$  Scorpii), which is  $12^\circ$  to the right from S, at  $63^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first three maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



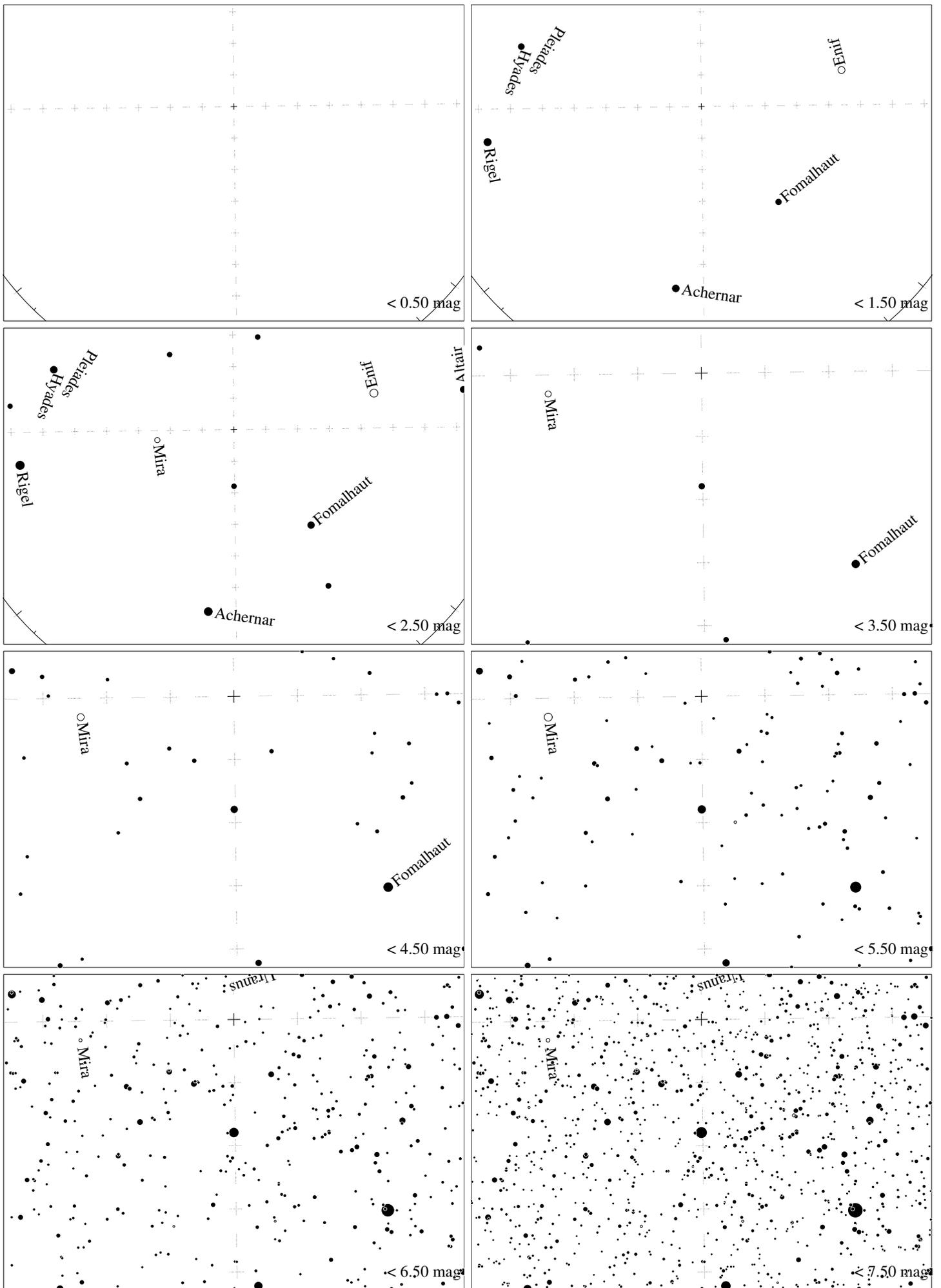
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-09-19, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-47^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered at Albireo ( $\beta$  Cygni),  $34^\circ$  to the left from N, at  $56^\circ$  height, near the centre of Summer Triangle. Map vertical size is  $50^\circ$ . *J. Hollan, CzechGlobe*



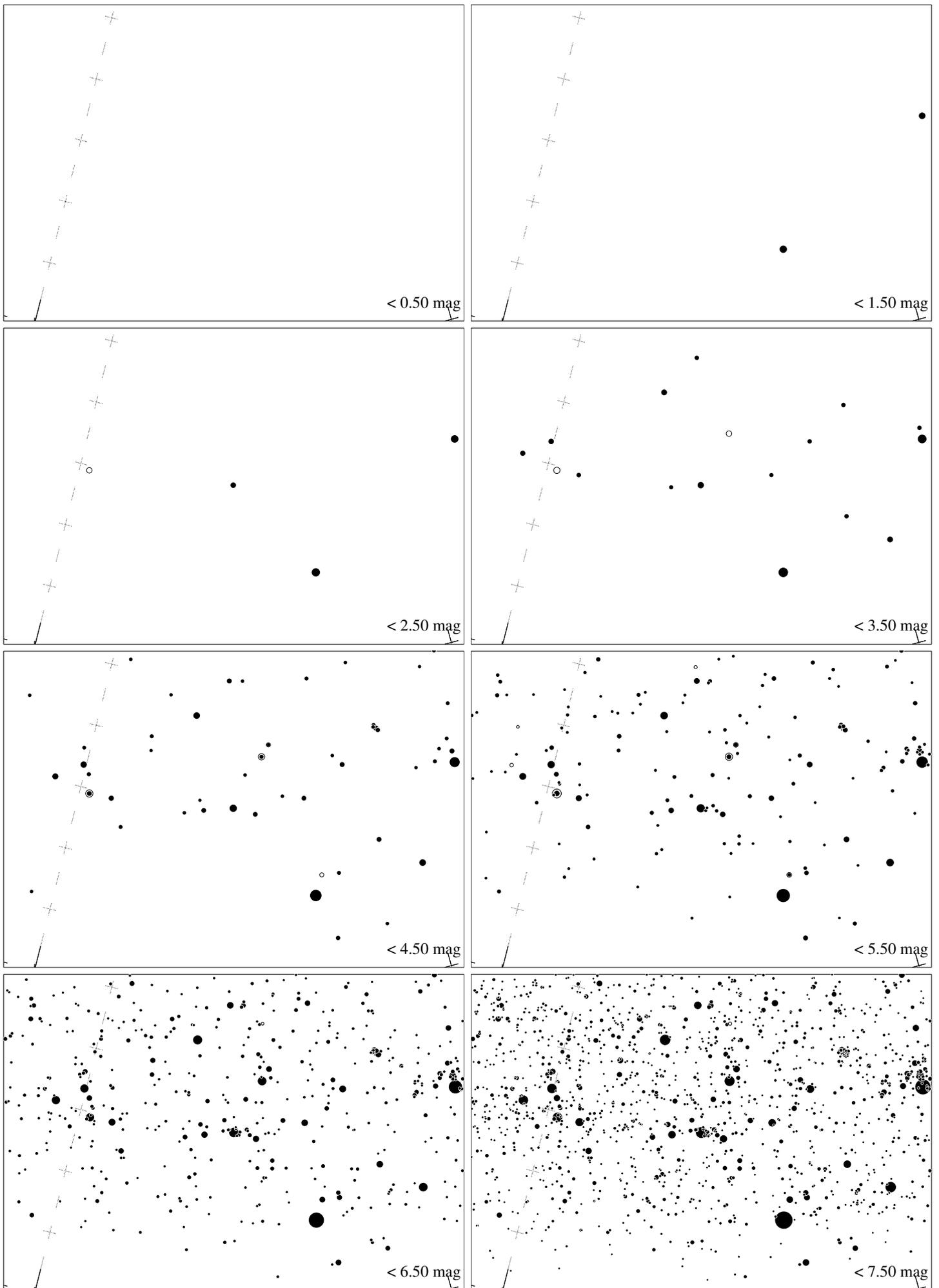
Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-09-19, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-47^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered at Kaus Australis ( $\epsilon$  Sagittarii), which is  $42^\circ$  to the right from S, at  $41^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first three maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-10-18, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-48^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). The map is centered on Markab ( $\alpha$  Pegasi), which is  $15^\circ$  to the right from N, at  $74^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first four maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night latitude 0°, 2014-11-16, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-45^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered at Deneb Kaitos ( $\epsilon$  Sagittarii), which is  $1^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $72^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first three maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $0^\circ$ , 2014-11-16, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-45^\circ$ ), for rather transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered at Mirfak ( $\alpha$  Persei),  $29^\circ$  to the right from N, at  $29^\circ$  height. The brightest star is Capella. Map vertical size  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*