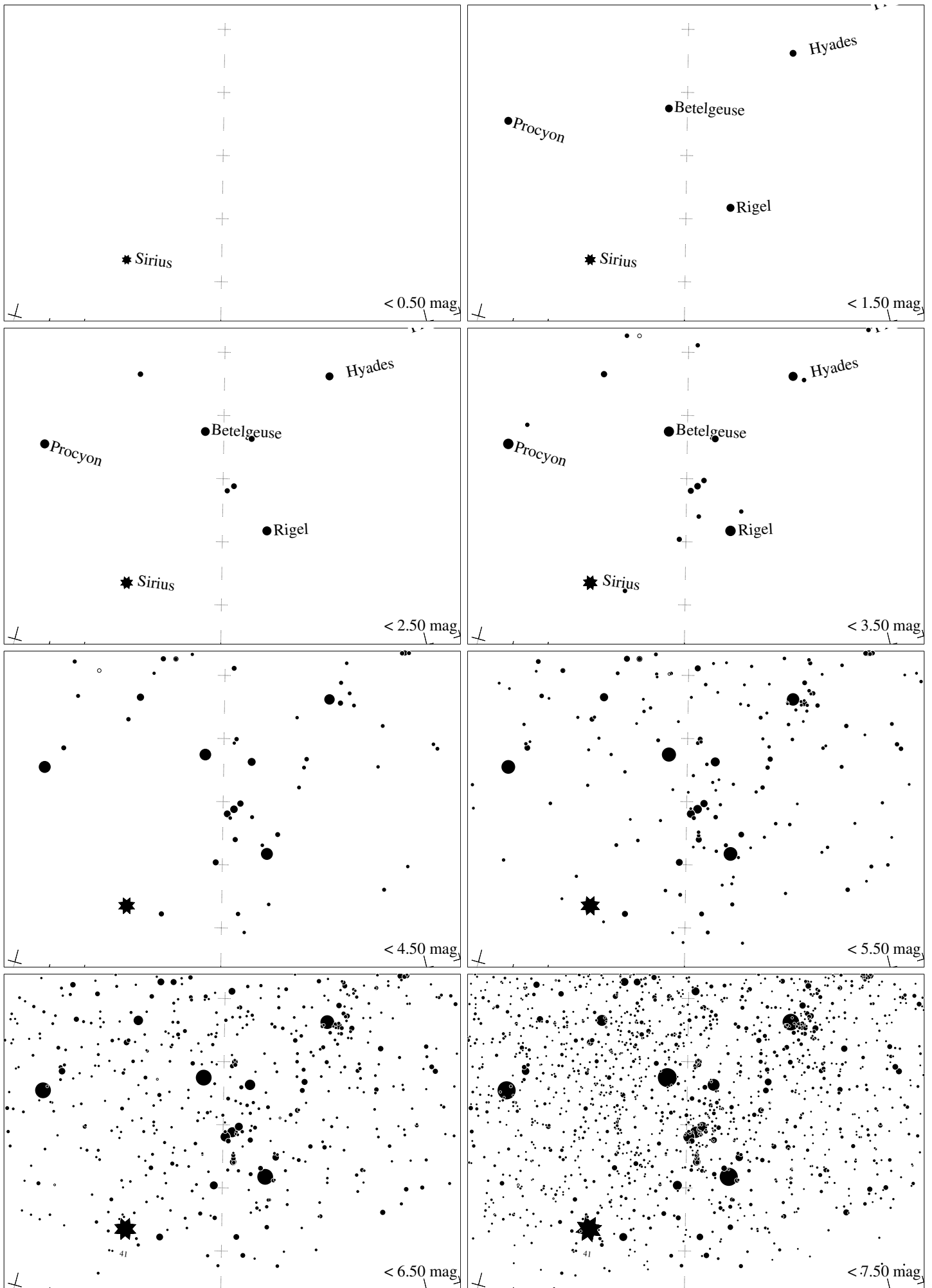
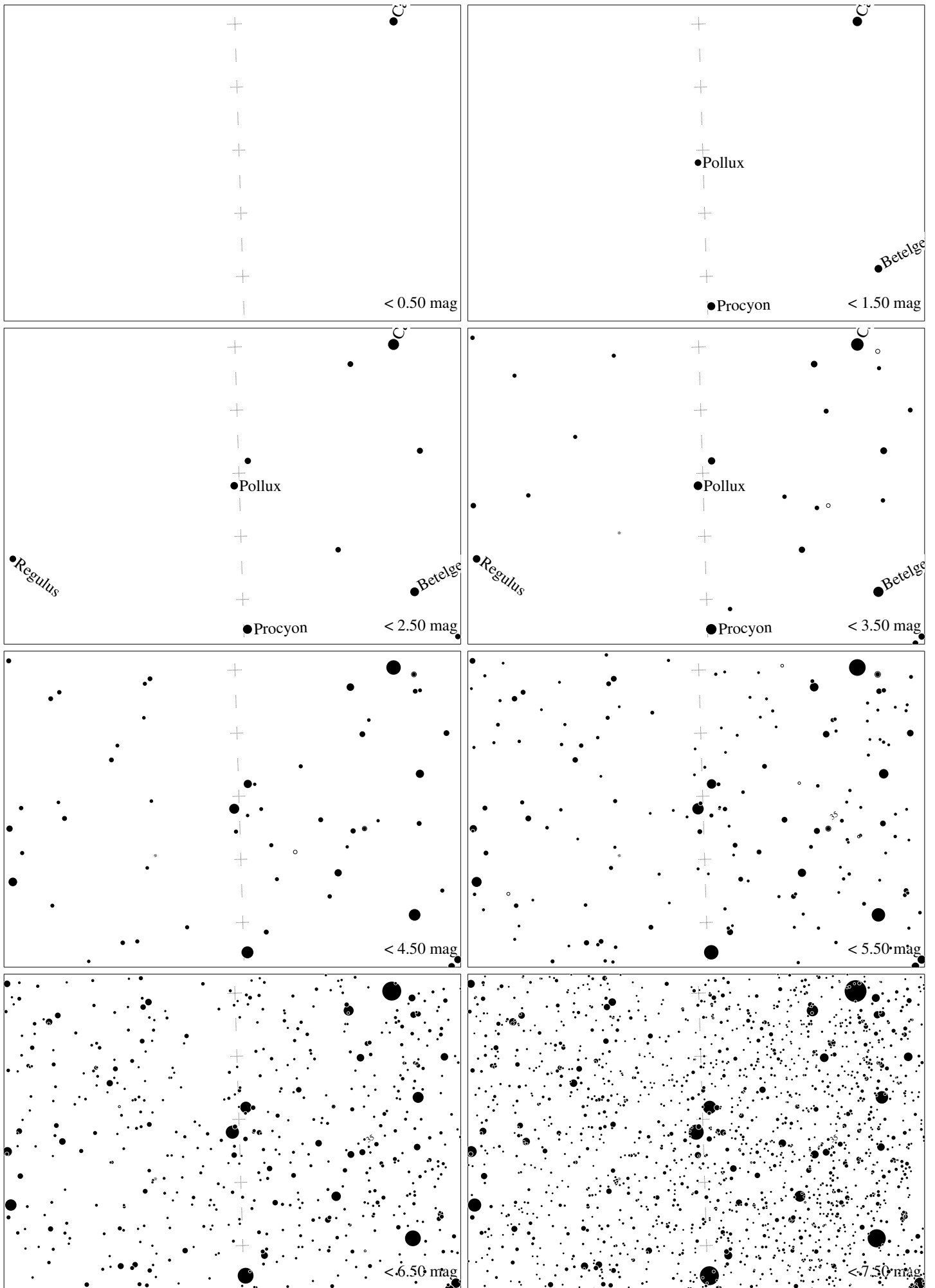


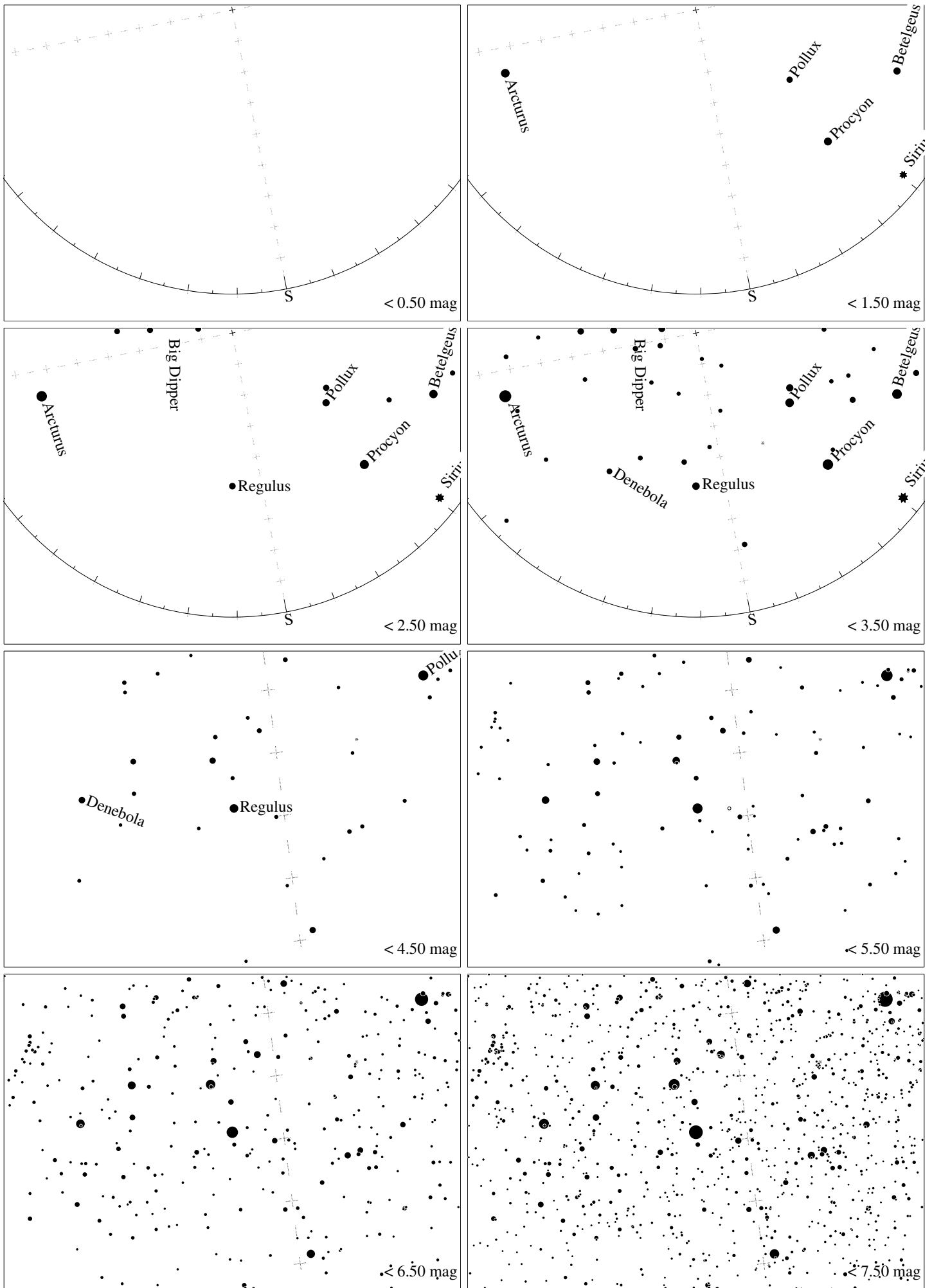
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-01-02, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-41^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Aldebaran is  $17^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $46^\circ$  height. Star cluster M35 marked when appropriate. Map vertical size is  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan maps, CzechGlobe*



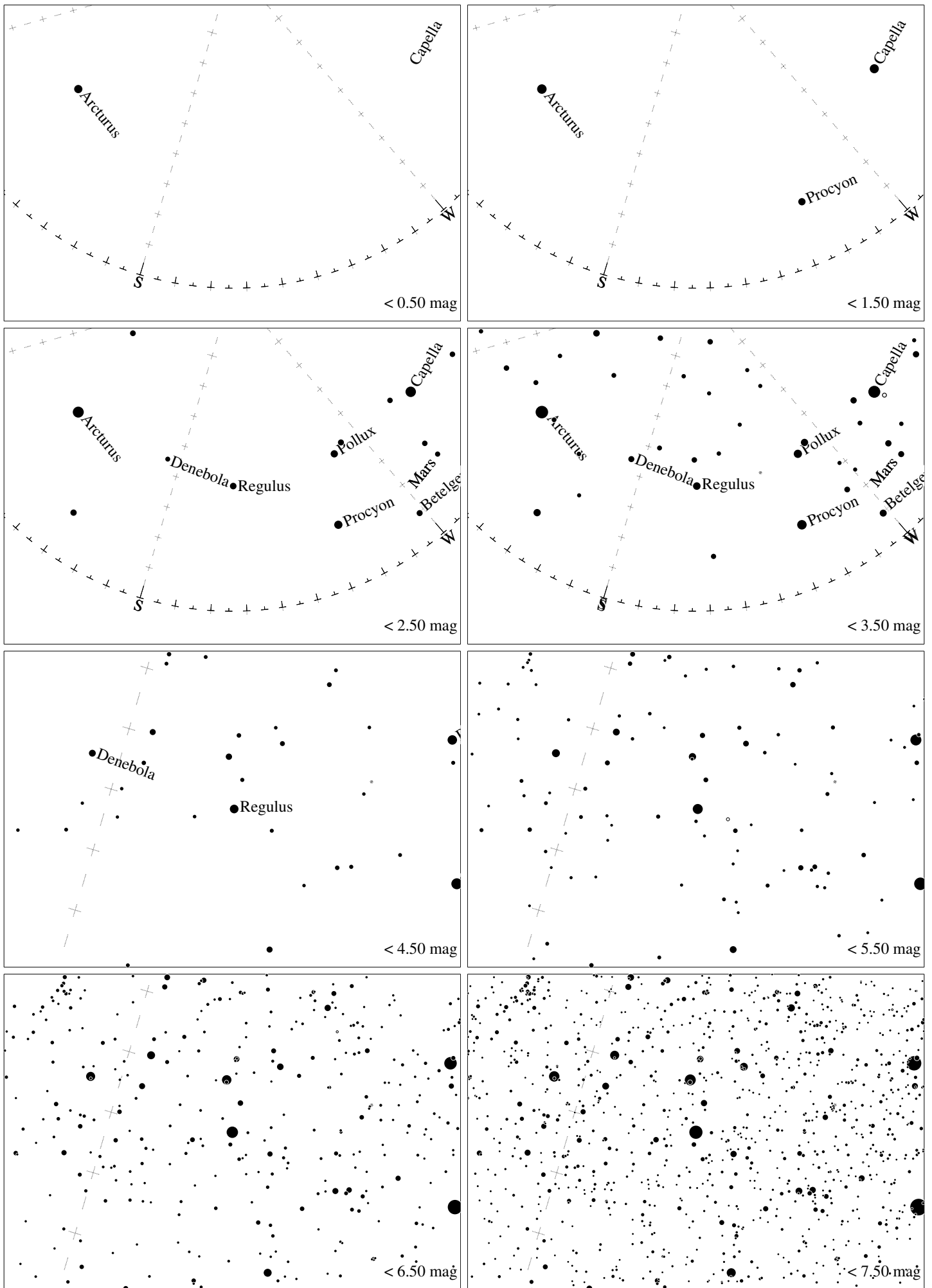
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-01-31, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-35^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Orion's belt is  $2^\circ$  to the right from S, at  $29^\circ$  height. Star clusters M 41 and M35 marked when appropriate. Map vertical size is  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan maps, CzechGlobe*



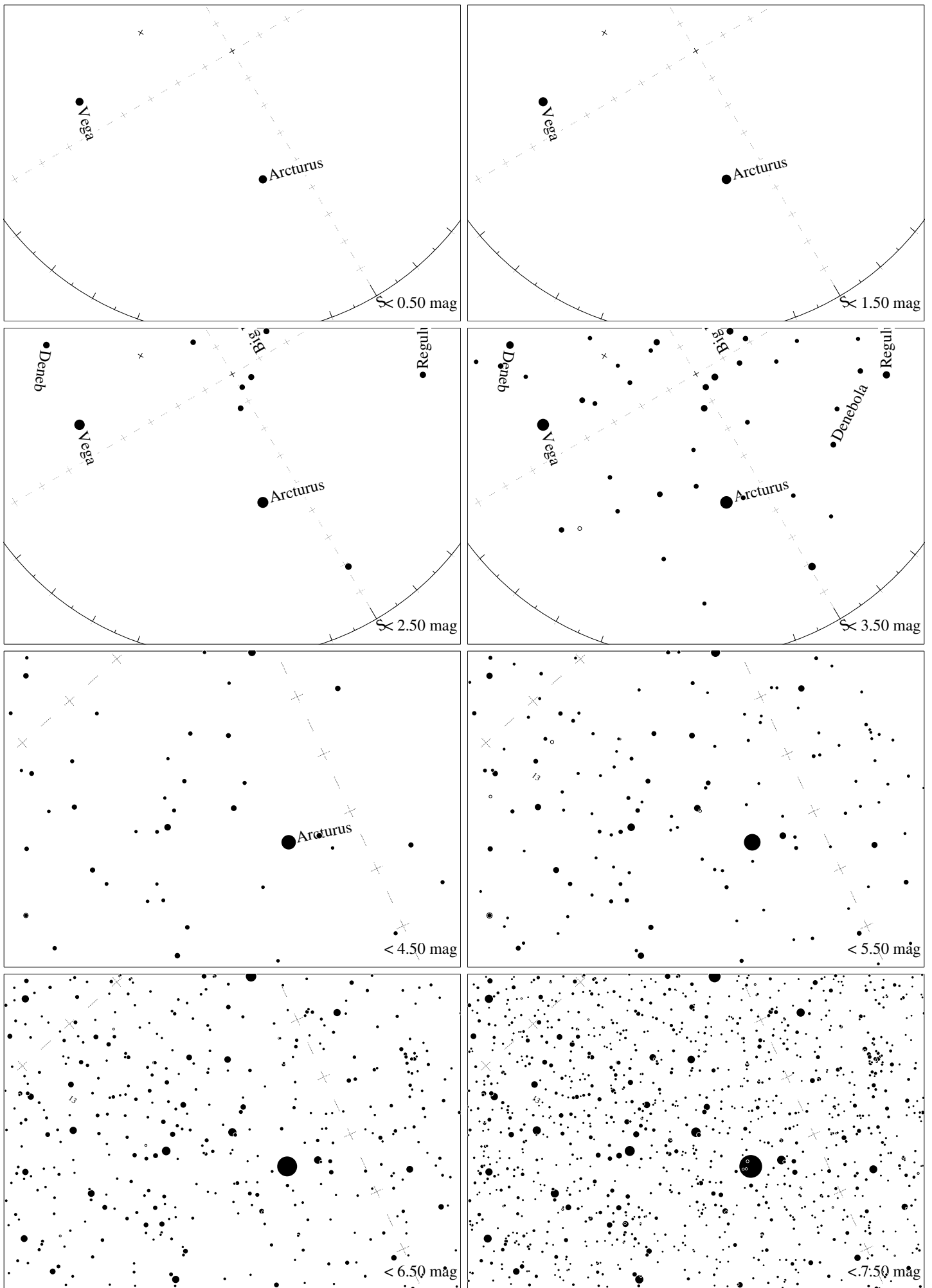
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-03-02, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-26^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Pollux is  $2^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $58^\circ$  height. Star cluster M35 marked when appropriate. Map vertical size is  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan maps, CzechGlobe*



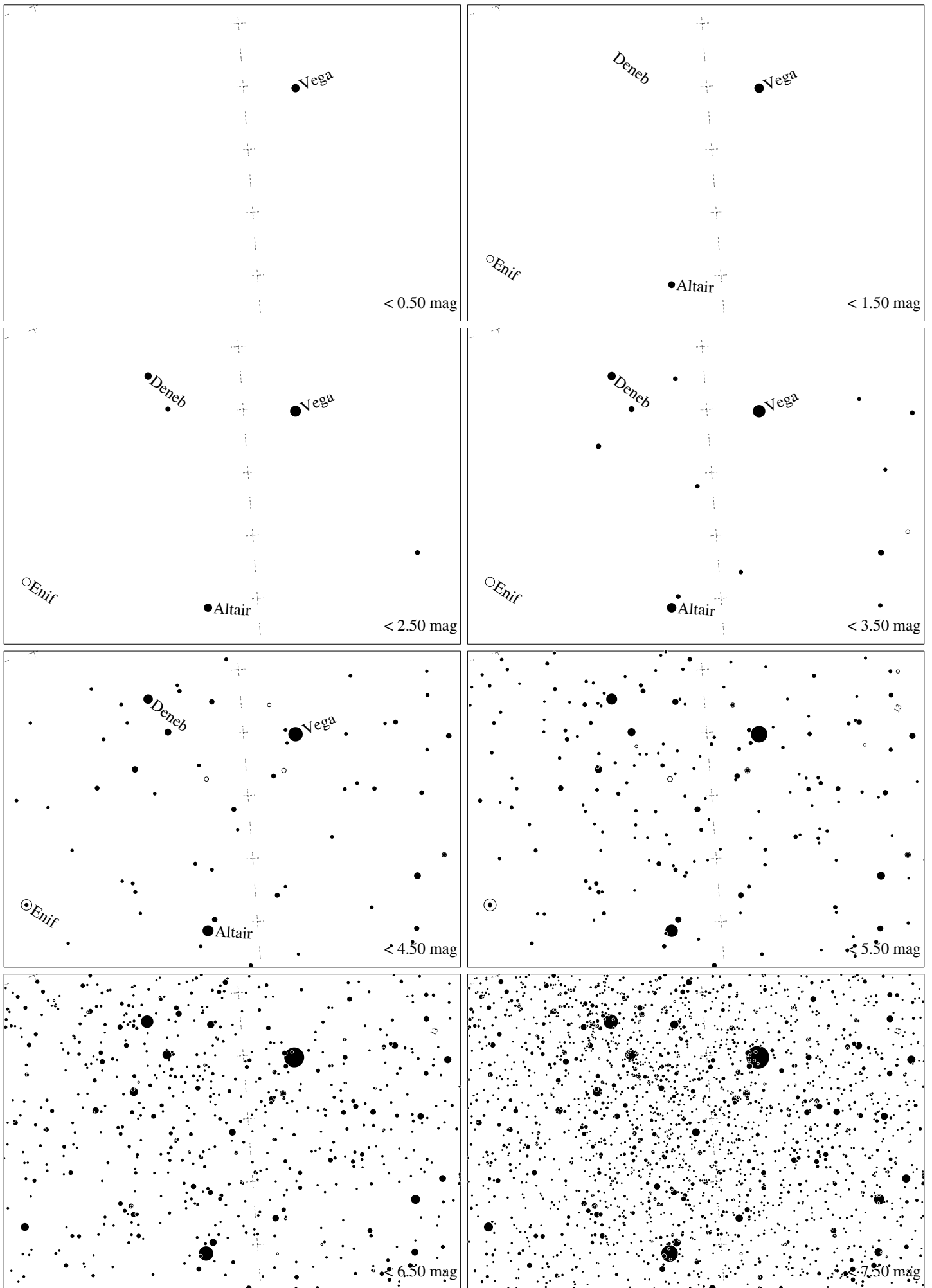
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-03-31, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-16^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Regulus ( $\alpha$  Leonis) is  $11^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $41^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first four maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan maps, CzechGlobe*



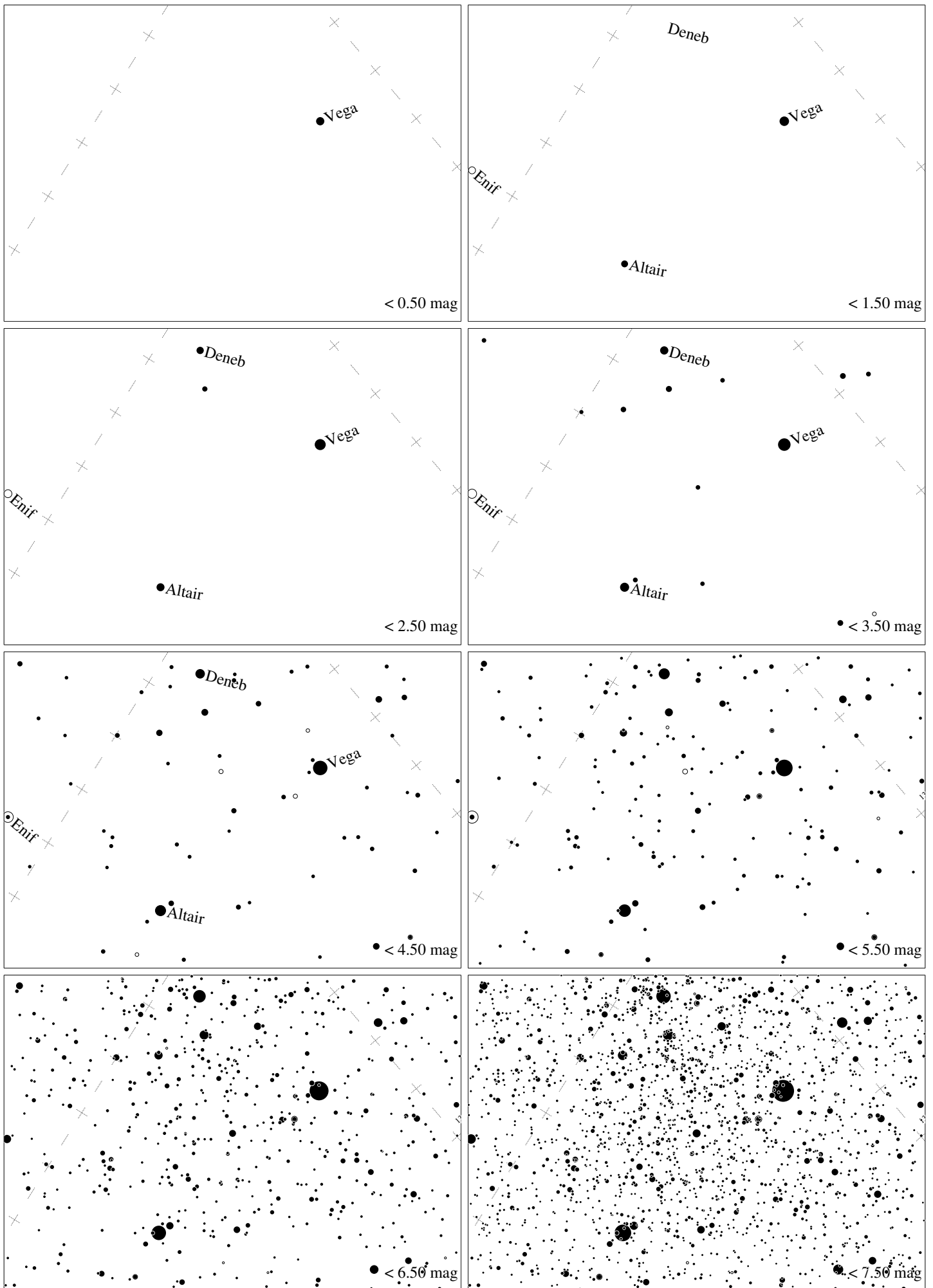
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-04-29, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-7^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Regulus ( $\alpha$  Leonis) is  $26^\circ$  to the right from S, at  $40^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first four maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan maps, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-05-29, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-1^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered on Izar ( $\epsilon$  Bootis), which is  $31^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $54^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first four maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*

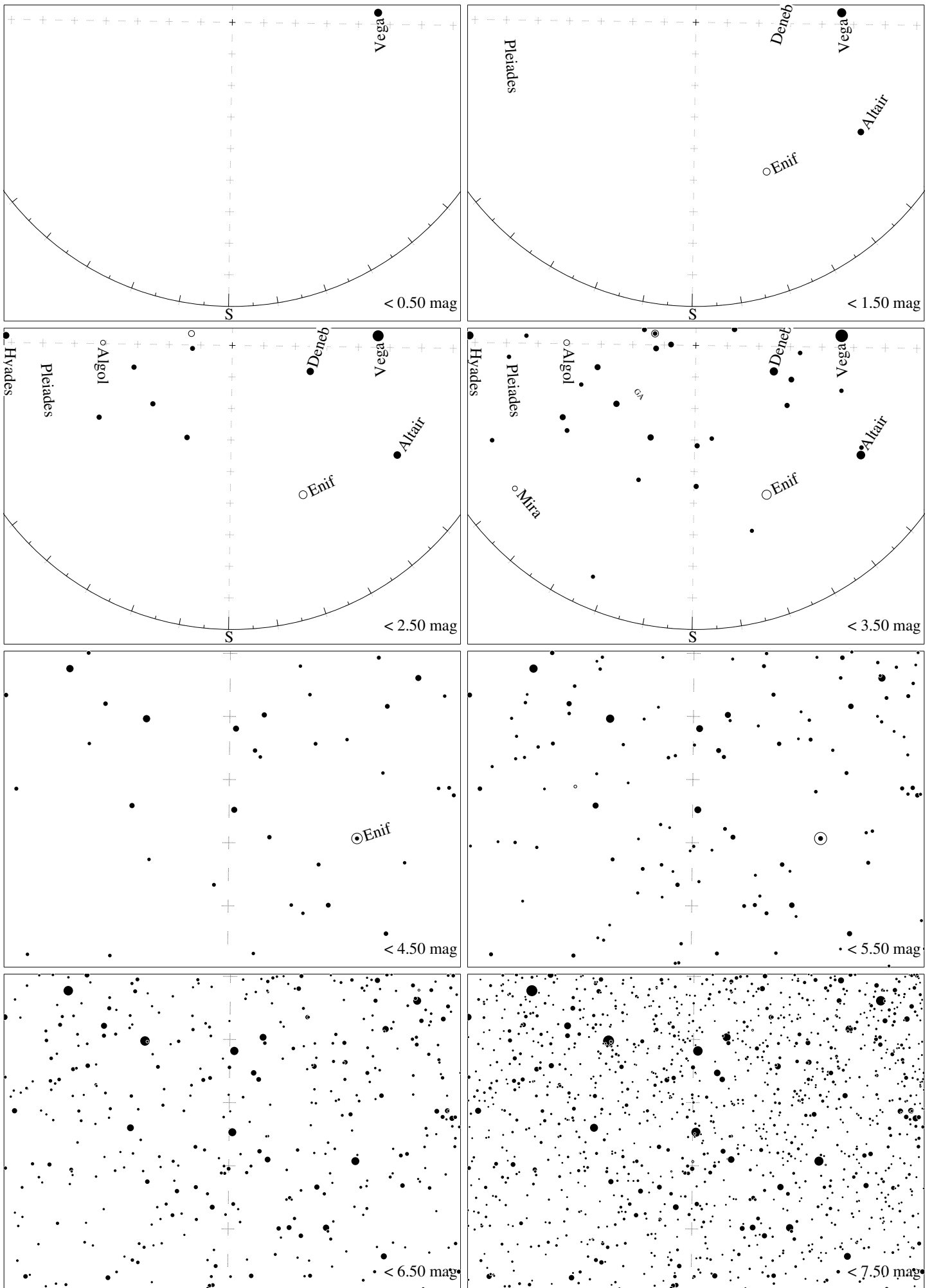


Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-08-26, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-11^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered on Albireo ( $\beta$  Cygni),  $5^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $58^\circ$  height, near the centre of Summer Triangle. Map vertical size is  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*

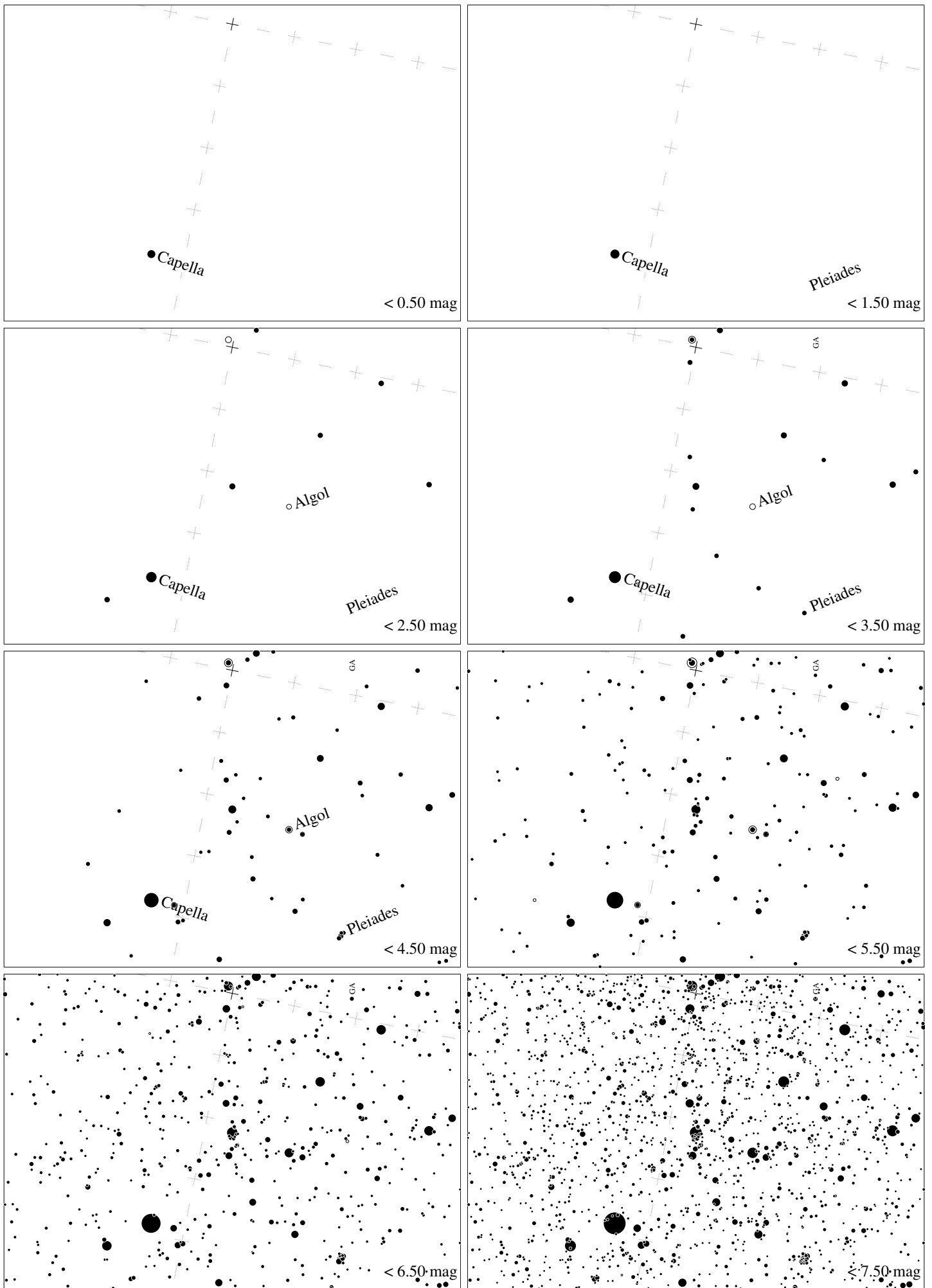


Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-09-24, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-22^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered on Albireo ( $\beta$  Cygni),  $40^\circ$  to the right from S, at  $54^\circ$  height, near the centre of Summer Triangle. Map vertical size is  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*

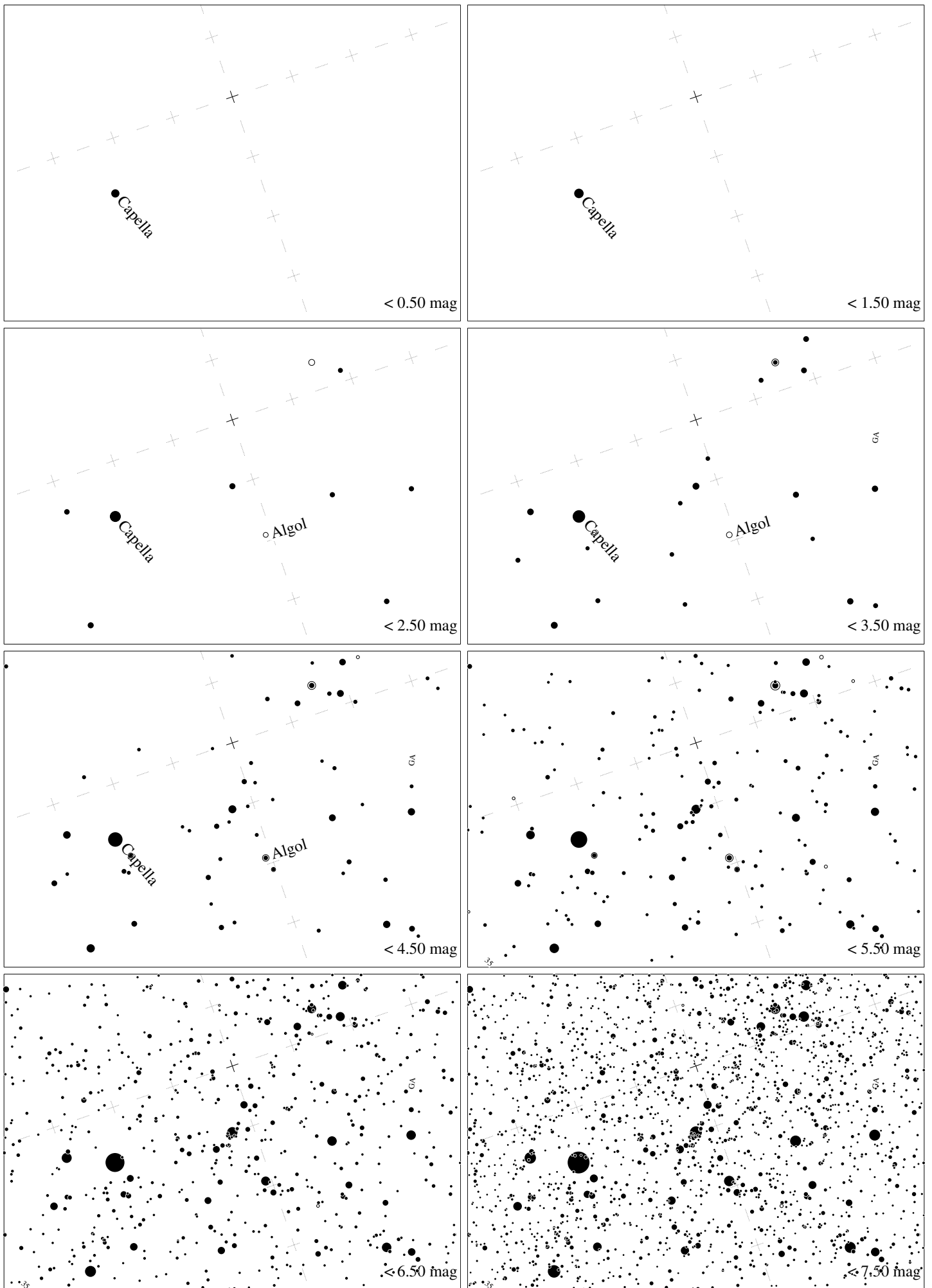




Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-10-23, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-33^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). The map is centered on Markab ( $\alpha$  Pegasi), which is  $1^\circ$  to the right from S, at  $45^\circ$  height. Detailed maps  $50^\circ$  vertically, the first four maps  $100^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-11-22, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-41^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered at Mirfak ( $\alpha$  Persei),  $79^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $68^\circ$  height. The brightest star is Capella. Map vertical size  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night latitude  $60^\circ$ , 2019-12-22, 21 h local time (Sun at  $-42^\circ$ ), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each  $10^\circ$ ). Centered at Mirfak ( $\alpha$  Persei),  $19^\circ$  to the left from S, at  $79^\circ$  height. The brightest star is Capella. Map vertical size  $50^\circ$ . *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*