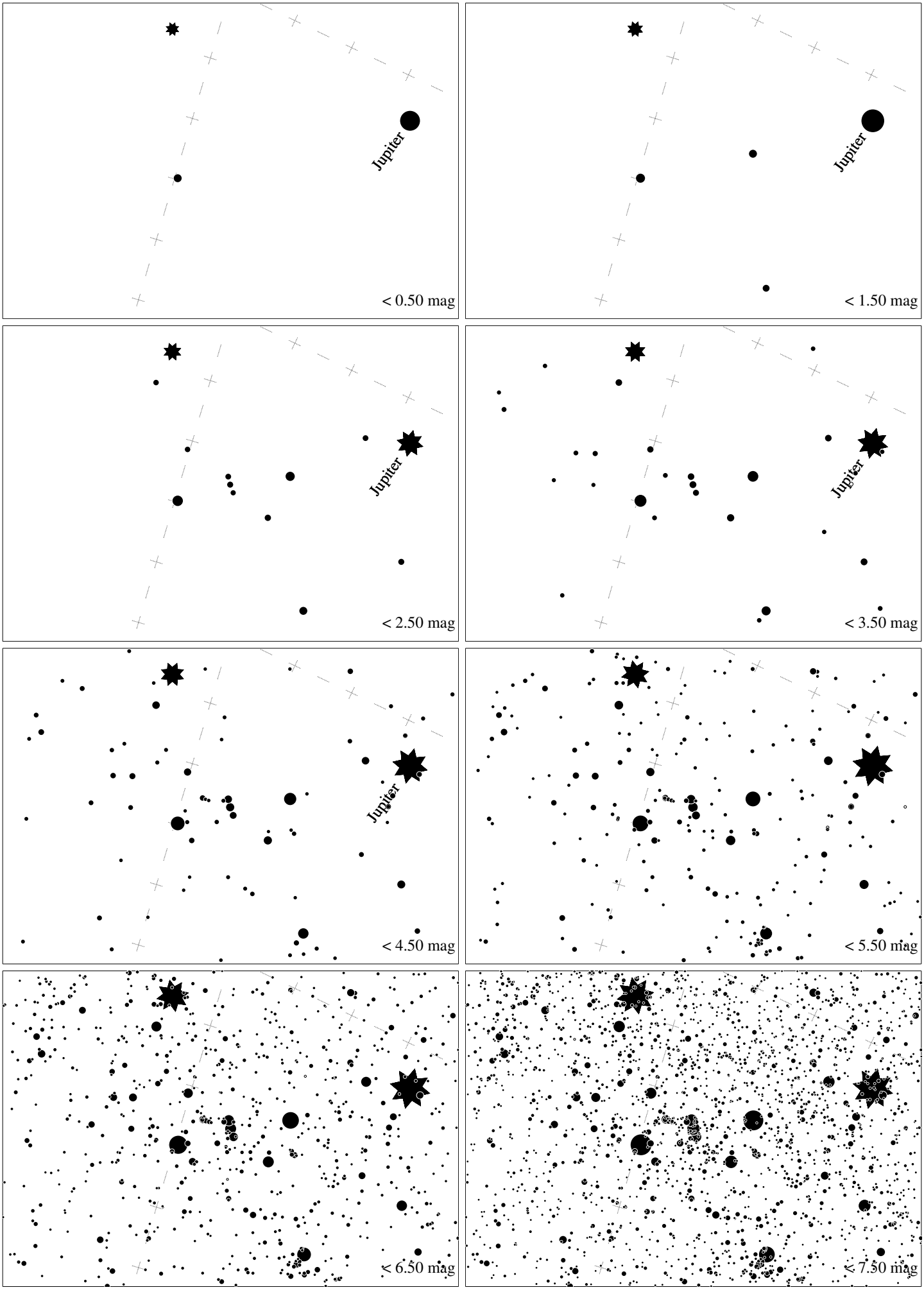
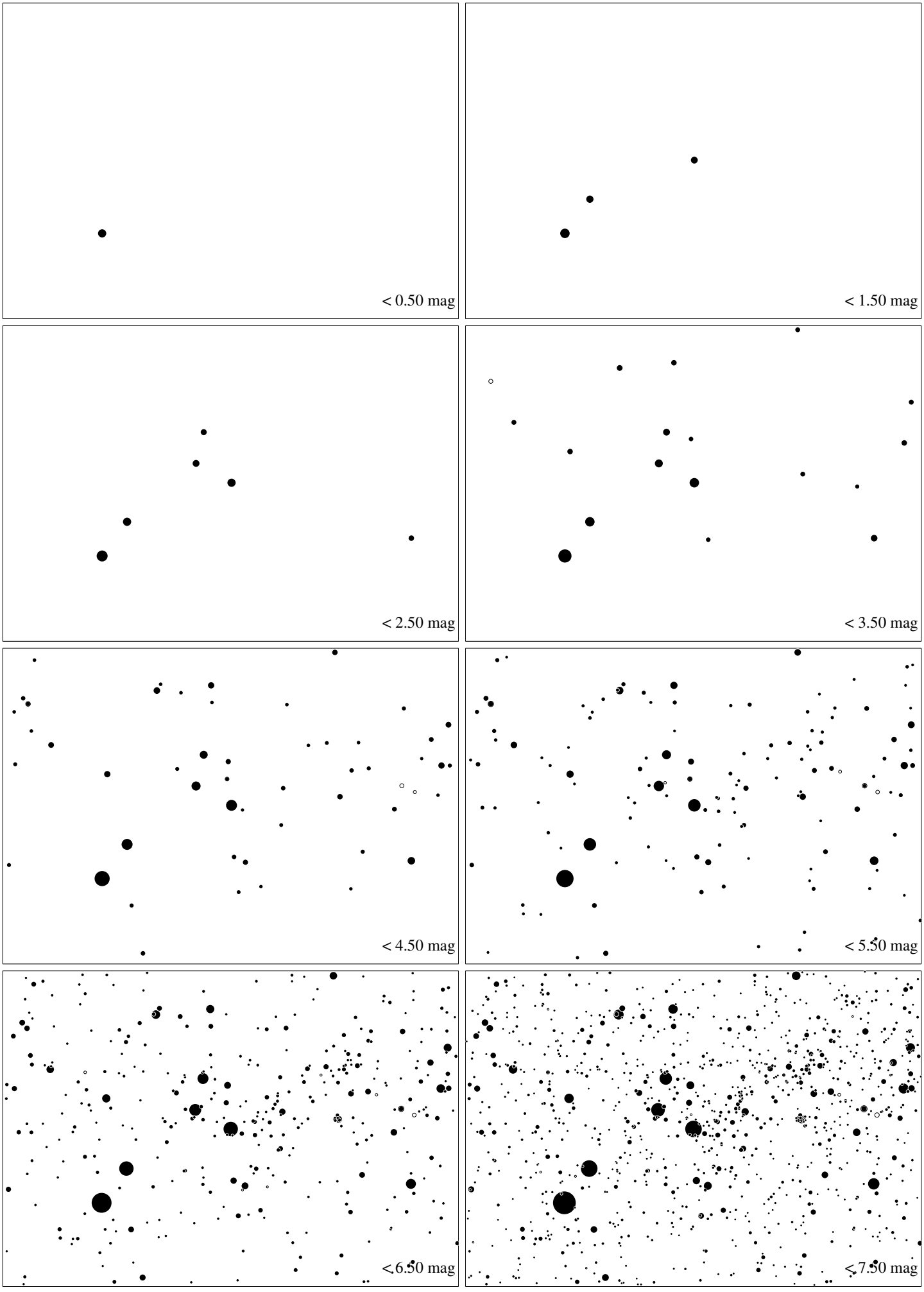
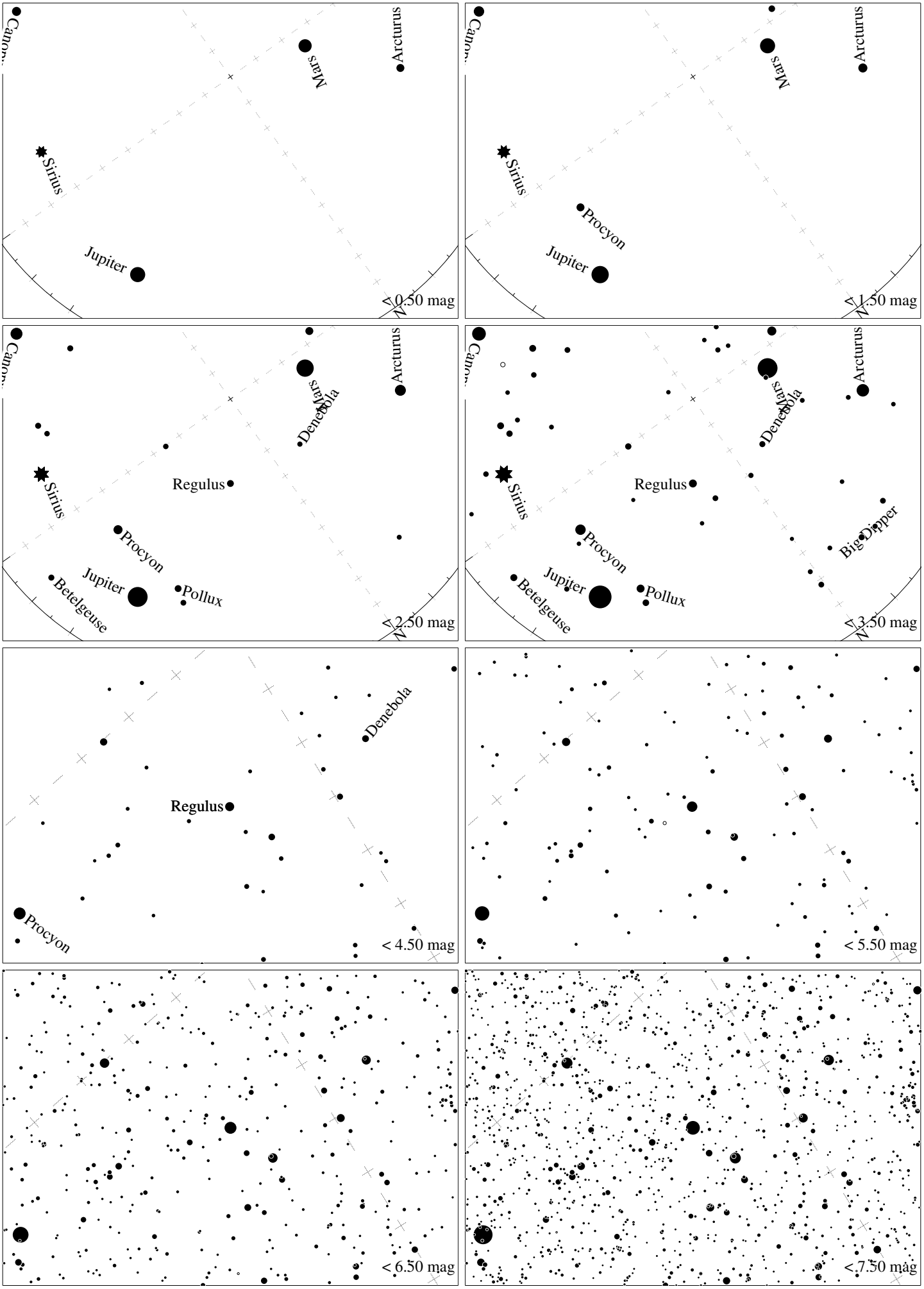


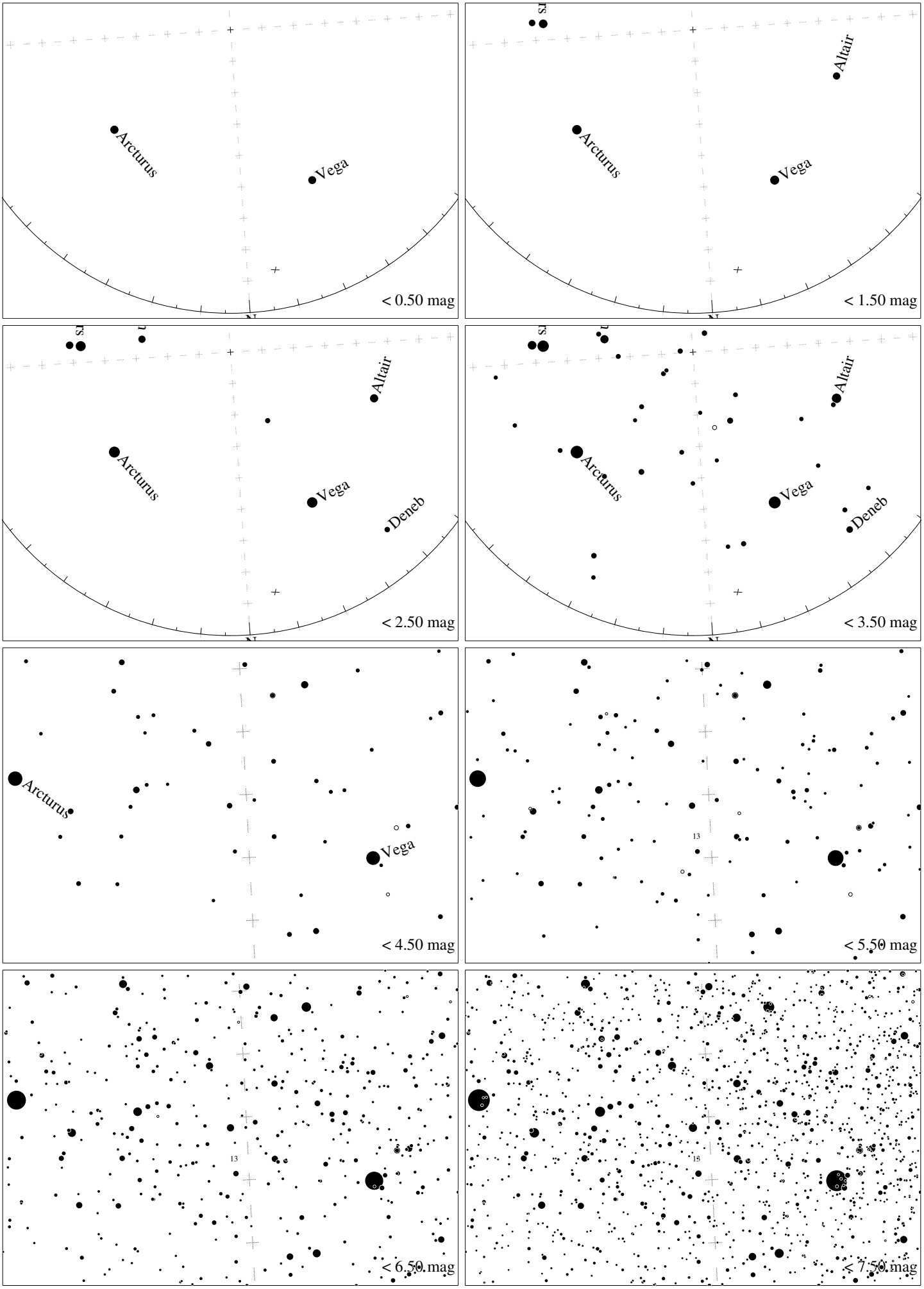
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude **-10**°, 2014-02-23, 21 h local time (Sun at −38°), assuming rather transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). Orion's belt is 72° to the left from N, at 64° height. The brightest fixed star is Sirius. Map vertical size is 50°. *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



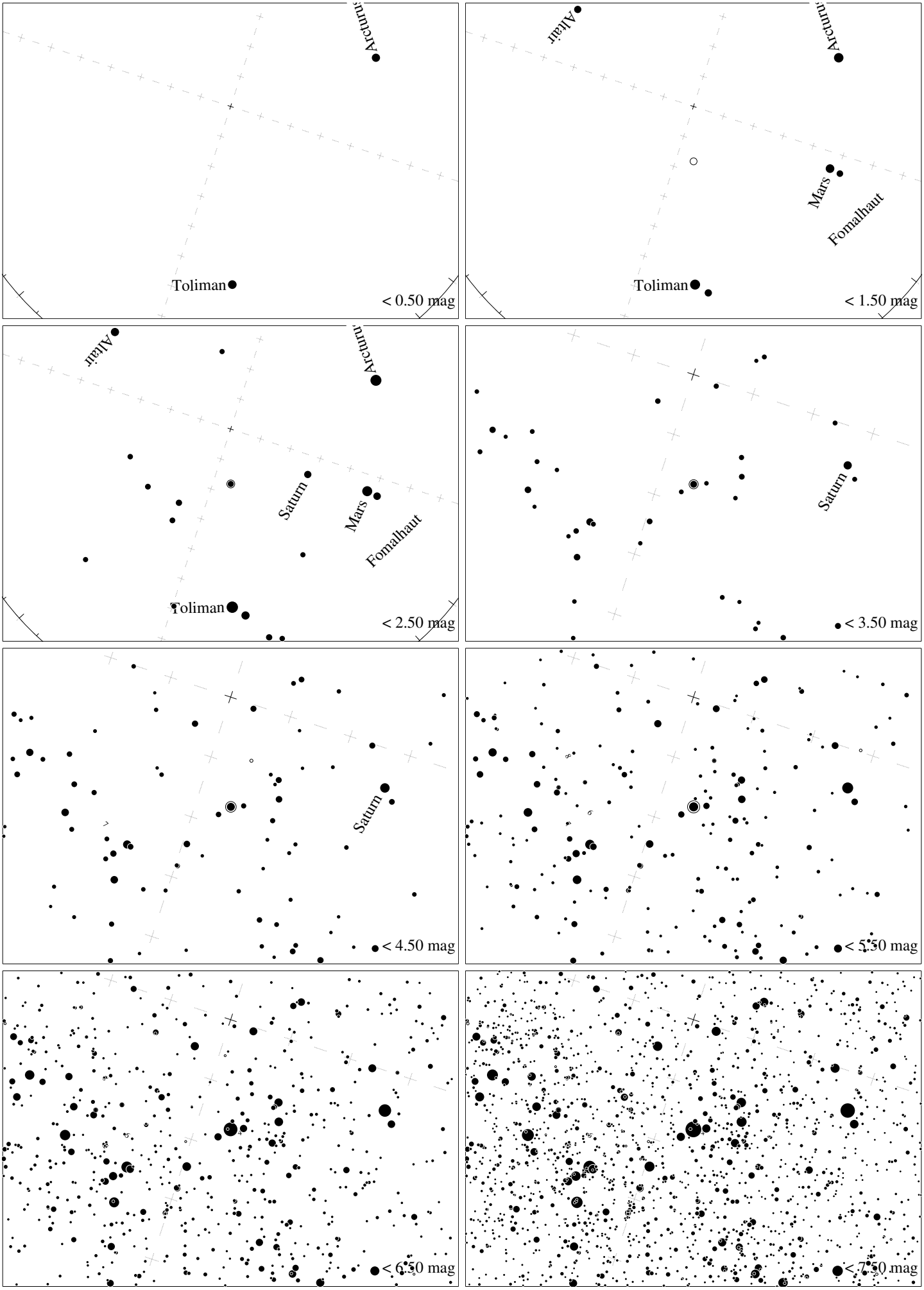
Maps for Globe at Night latitude $-\mathbf{10}°$, 2014-04-24, 21 h local time (Sun at $-46°$), transparent air. The brightest star is Toliman (α Centauri). Central star Acrux (the brightest one in the Cross) is 10° left from the south, at 35° height. Map vertical size 33°. *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



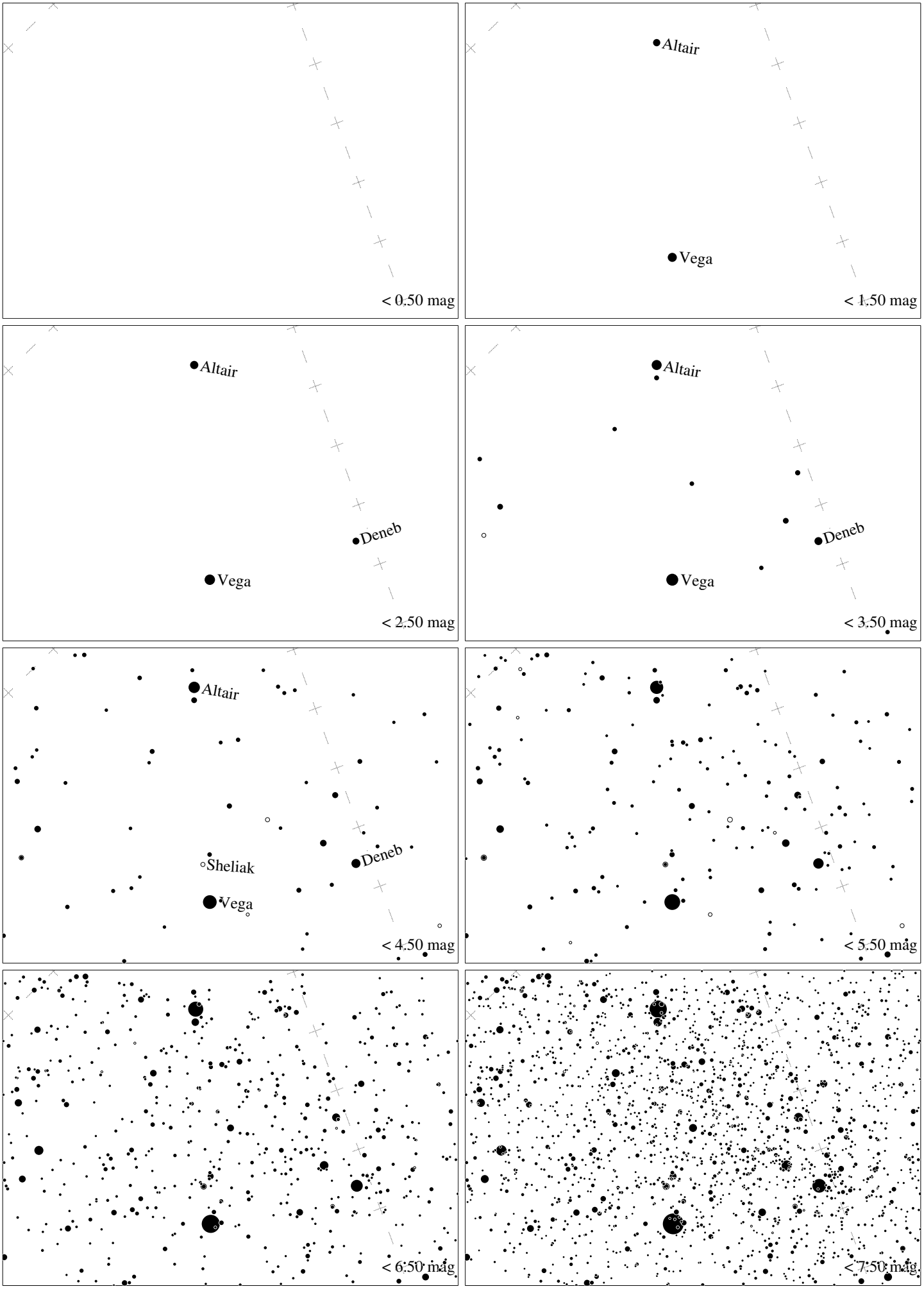
Maps for Globe at Night latitude $-\mathbf{10}°$, 2014-04-24, 21 h local time (Sun at $-46°$), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/RegulusRegulus (α Leonis) is 36° to the left from N, at 63° height. Detailed maps 50° vertically, the first four maps 100°.*Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



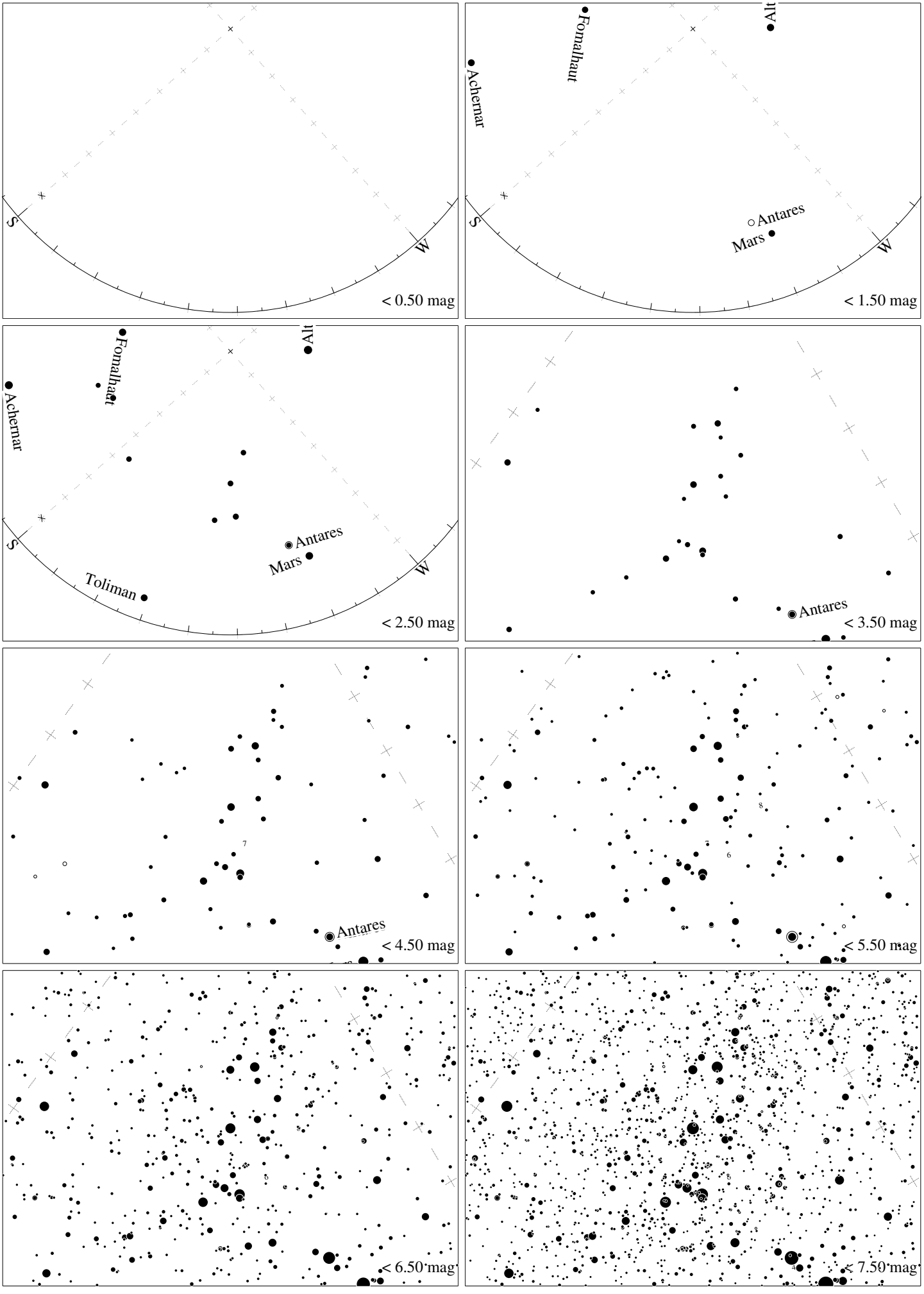
Maps for Globe at Night latitude $-\mathbf{10}°$, 2014-07-20, 21 h local time (Sun at $-44°$), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). Centered on ζ Herculis, which is 4° to the left from N, at 48° height, M13 is 5° N. Detailed maps 50° vertically, the first four maps 100°. *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



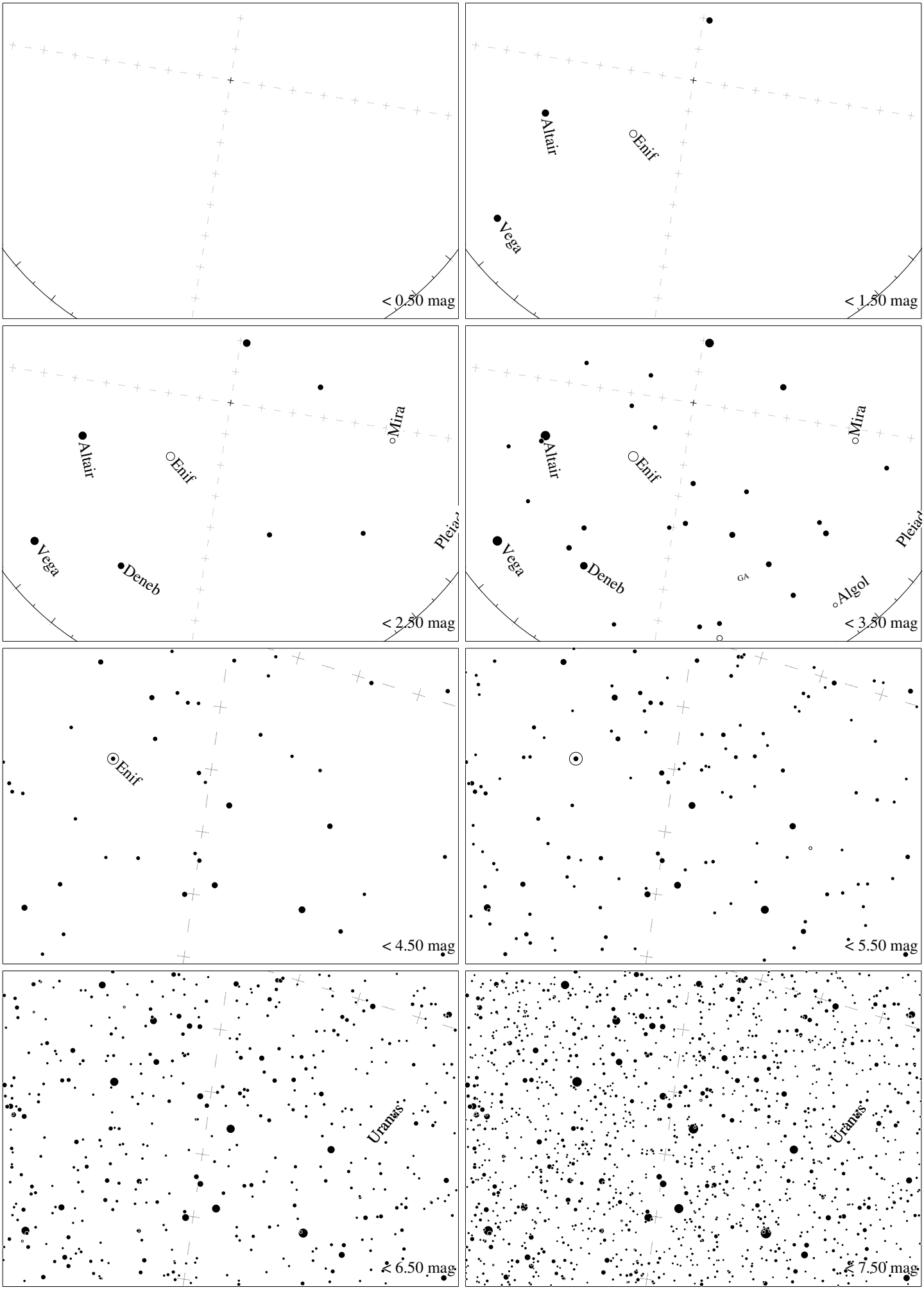
Maps for Globe at Night latitude $-\mathbf{10}°$, 2014-07-20, 21 h local time (Sun at $-44°$), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). The map is centered at Antares (α Scorpii), which is 18° to the right from S, at 73° height. Detailed maps 50° vertically, the first three maps 100°.*Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



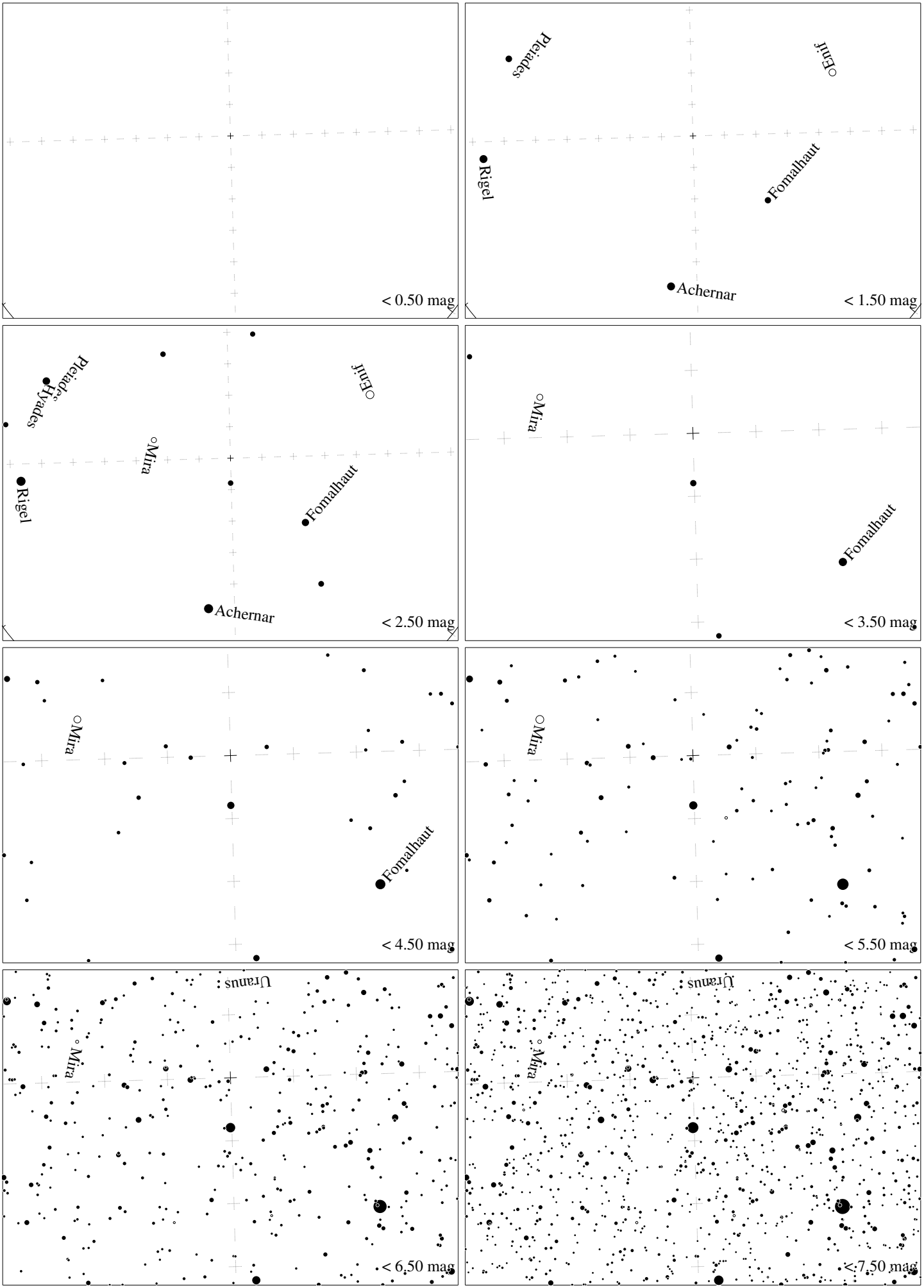
Maps for Globe at Night at latitude **-10**°, 2014-09-19, 21 h local time (Sun at −46°), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). Centered at Albireo (β Cygni), 27° to the left from N, at 47° height, near the centre of Summer Triangle. Map vertical size is 50°. *J. Hollan, CzechGlobe*



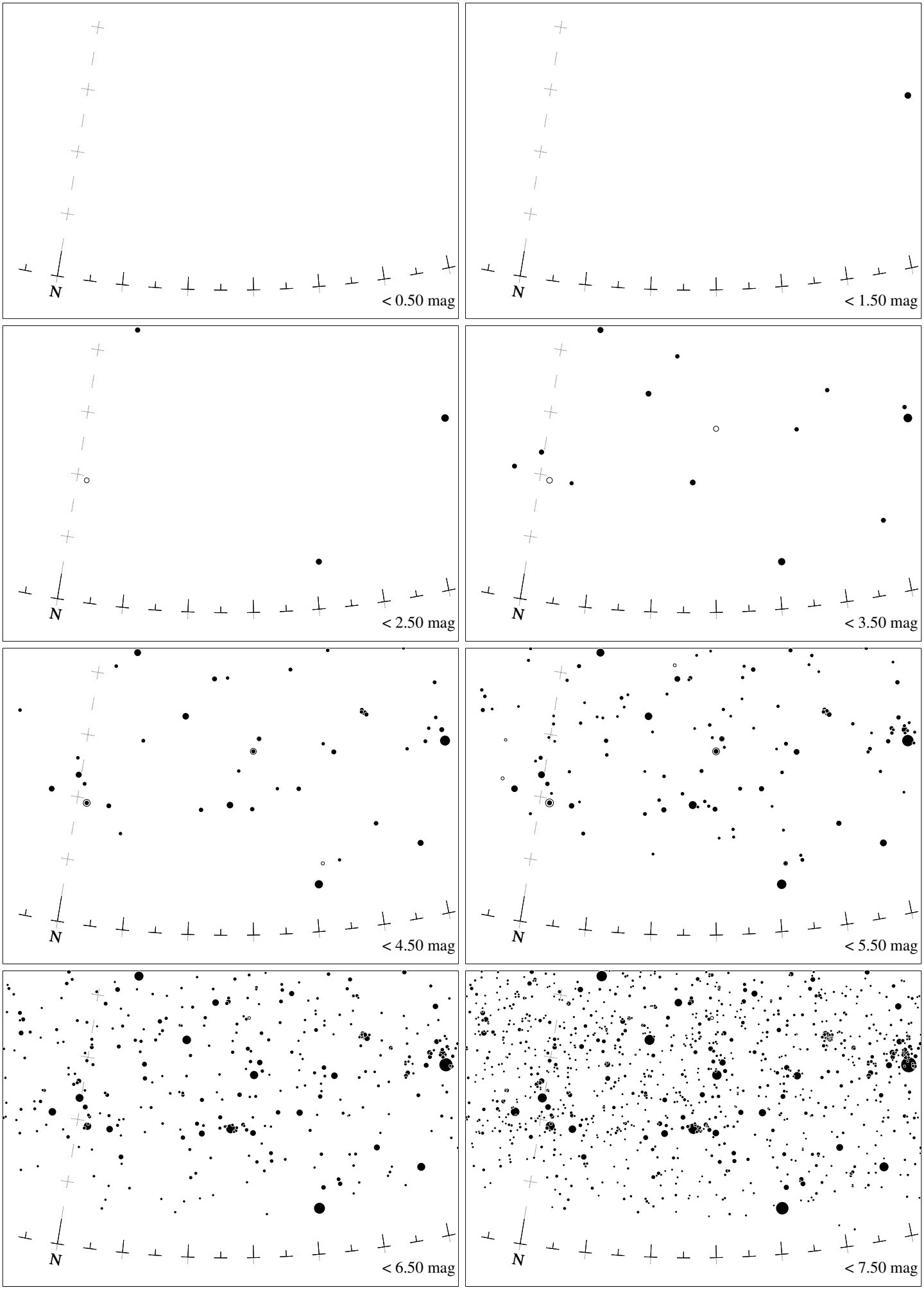
Maps for Globe at Night latitude $-\mathbf{10}°$, 2014-09-19, 21 h local time (Sun at $-46°$), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). Centered at Kaus Australis (ϵ Sagitarii), which is 49° to the right from S, at 48° height. Detailed maps 50° vertically, the first three maps 100°.*Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night latitude $-\mathbf{10}°$, 2014-10-18, 21 h local time (Sun at $-44°$), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). The map is centered on Markab (α Pegasi), which is 9° to the right from N, at 64° height. Detailed maps 50° vertically, the first four maps 100°.*Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night latitude $-\mathbf{10}°$, 2014-11-16, 21 h local time (Sun at $-40°$), transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). Centered at Deneb Kaitos (ϵ Sagitarii), which is 2° to the left from S, at 82° height. Detailed maps 50° vertically, the first three maps 100°.*Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*



Maps for Globe at Night at latitude **-10**°, 2014-11-16, 21 h local time (Sun at −40°), assuming rather transparent air. Lines from N(E,S,W) to zenith shown (crosses each 10°). Centered at Mirfak (α Persei), at 27° to the right from N, at 20° height. The brightest star is Capella. Map vertical size is 50°. *Jan Hollan, CzechGlobe*