# A Green New Deal for Europe: Decarbonization by 2050

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> Forum on Sustainable Development Academy of Public Investments Prague, November 22, 2019





(b) Holocene: Last 11,700 Years



#### **EMISSIONS ARE STILL INCREASING**

China and India still rely heavily on coal; the United States and the European Union are slowly decarbonizing.



#### CHINA'S CO2 EMISSIONS





CO<sub>2</sub> and Sea Level







Flames rise as a wildfire burns in the town of Rafina, near Athens, 23 July 2018.

Photo by Angelos Tzortzinis/AFP/Getty Image



Photo by Valerie Gache/AFP/Getty

Cars blocked at closed National Road as wildfire rages in Kineta, west of Athens.



Photo by Angelos Tzortzinis/AFP/Getty

Charred cars lined a roadway in the village of Mati, east of Athens, July 24.



Data source: National Interagency Fire Center 1960-2016: https://www.nifc.gov/fireInfo/fireInfo\_stats\_totalFires.html

#### Global total net CO2 emissions



### GOAL:

# DECARBONIZATION BY 2050

#### **Cheaper power**

Rapidly falling costs are fueling investment in solar panels and wind turbines for electric power generation.

(levelized cost of electricity, US dollars per megawatt hour)



Sources: Bloomberg New Energy Finance; Federal Reserve Economic Data; and IMF staff calculations.

## So What's Wrong?

US, Canada, Russia, China, India, GCC, Australia, Indonesia Account for Roughly Three-Quarters of Fossil Fuel Production

They fight for market share and profits

The governments empower their companies or their companies run the governments or the oil companies and governments are the same thing!



#### Contribution Trends, 1990-2018



Oil & Gas

#### Oil & Gas Campaign Contributions by Cycle and Party

Election Cycle	Rank†	Total Contributions	Contributions from Individuals	Contributions from PACs	Soft/Outside Money	Donations to Democrats	Donations to Republicans	% to Dems	% to Repubs
2020	12	\$226,550	\$171,550	\$55,000	\$0	\$2,576	\$223,974	1%	99%
2018	16	\$84,442,562	\$33,987,296	\$14,856,666	\$35,598,600	\$6,278,892	\$42,531,062	13%	87%
2016	8	\$102,786,227	\$46,634,437	\$16,632,404	\$39,519,386	\$7,853,588	\$55,567,838	12%	88%
2014	9	\$66,403,610	\$28,953,688	\$17,314,778	\$20,135,144	\$5,977,236	\$40,369,685	13%	87%
2012	9	\$83,038,375	\$46,718,211	\$16,012,979	\$20,307,185	\$6,762,159	\$55,993,546	11%	89%
2010	12	\$34,749,804	\$20,546,119	\$11,591,143	\$2,612,542	\$7,051,783	\$24,795,845	22%	77%
2008	15	\$40,162,156	\$30,012,835	\$10,009,929	\$139,392	\$9,025,968	\$31,114,557	22%	77%

States and territories with	States and territories with a	States and territories with no
Renewable Portfolio	voluntary renewable energy	standard or target
Standards	standard or target	stanuard of target







# The Way Forward

**All countries** should set bold 2050 Decarbonization Plans

The European Union should engage China, India, Africa and Latin America in **Decarbonization Partnerships** 

The Financial Industry must understand that new Oil, Gas, and Coal Investments will be **Stranded Assets** 

# **Roadmap to Decarbonization**

Every Signatory Should Prepare a 2050 Roadmap (Article 4.19 of the Paris Climate Agreement) by 2020

# 2050 Roadmap Should Include

- Power
- Transport
- Buildings
- Industry
- Land Use
- Adaptation, Resilience, Disaster Preparedness

### **Five Pillars of Decarbonization**

#### 1. Zero-Carbon Electricity

(Wind, Solar, Hydro, Nuclear, CCS, Ocean, Geothermal, other)

### 2. Sustainable Land-Use and Agriculture

(End deforestation, restore degraded lands, plant-based proteins diets)

### 3. Electrification of Transport, Buildings, Industry

(Battery EVs, heat pumps, induction heating, other)

### 4. Synthetic Fuels made with Zero-Carbon Electricity

(Hydrogen, Synthetic Liquids and Green Methane)

### 5. Energy Efficiency

(Design, Materials, Behaviors)



**The Relatively Easy Sectors:** 

The Relatively Hard Sectors:

Zero-Carbon Power

Light-Duty Vehicles: Electric

**Zero-Emission New Buildings** 

Zero-Emission Old Buildings Heavy-Duty Vehicles: H<sub>2</sub>, Synthetics Shipping: H<sub>2</sub>, Synthetics

Aviation: Electricity, Synthetics, Biofuels

Steel: H<sub>2</sub>, Electrification

Petrochemicals: CCS, reuse, others

Cement: Materials substitution

Agriculture: Diet, Land Use

#### ELEMENTS OF A EUROPEAN GREEN NEW DEAL PLAN

- Timelines for phasing out fossil-fuel-related capital stocks
- Allocations of responsibilities across Brussels, member states, and local governments
- Carbon pricing, including carbon taxes, feed-in tariffs, and renewable energy auctions
- Fiscal incentives for utilities and other sectors (such as EIB guarantees on loans to utilities to expand zero-carbon capacity)
- Horizon Europe R&D outlays for the hard technologies
- Public investments in interstate transmission, charging stations, catenary lines, government fleets and buildings, and other public infrastructure
- Financing for a fair transition (job retraining, income supplements, regional development)
- Public financing for building retrofits
- Leadership of the Paris Agreement

## The Asian Drama

#### CO2 emissions from fuel combustion by region



	Gigatons CO2	Percent
Asia	17.43	56.1%
America	7	22.5%
Europe	<u>6</u> 5.05	16.2%
Africa	1.16	3.7%
Oceania	0.44	1.4%
World	31.08	100.0%

# **Asian Decarbonization**

Asia is profoundly vulnerable to heat waves, droughts, floods, and extreme storms.

Asian decarbonization will also bring about vast co-benefits of public health, especially through reduced air pollution.



### The reviving of the Silk Road

Infrastructure projects being planned and undertaken as of December 2015 in China's Belt and Road initiative.





## Global Energy Interconnection

## (GEIDCO)

